

HISTORY AT ILLINOIS

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS
AT URBANA - CHAMPAIGN

F A L L , 1 9 9 0 — W I N T E R , 1 9 9 1

NOTES FROM THE CHAIR



First I would draw your attention to the departure of three of our valued Americanists: CLARK SPENCE, MARY LEE SPENCE, and WALLACE FARNHAM. We shall miss them. Then let me bid welcome to our three new faculty members: KENNETH CUNO (who takes over the role of C. ERNEST DAWN), HARRY LIEBERSOHN (who inherits the mantle of J. ALDEN NICHOLS), and DOROTHEE SCHNEIDER (who comes to us on a joint appointment with the Institute of

Labor and Industrial Relations). We also welcome SHARON MICHA-LOVE, who takes over Mary Lee Spence's advising functions and becomes our first full-time Academic Advisor. With some 2,000 undergraduates enrolled in History courses each semester, one wonders how anyone could ever do the job part-time!

Next it gives me great pleasure to salute our three new University Scholars, in 1989 PAUL SCHROEDER and in 1990 JAMES BARRETT and ROBERT JOHANNSEN, whose election brings to eight the total number of department colleagues who have won this university-wide accolade. I do not believe that any other unit on this campus, of any size, can match our achievement. In addition JOHN BUCKLER won a Burlington Northern Faculty Achievement Award, and JAMES BARRETT (for whom a university scholarship is clearly not enough) won both the Amoco and William F. Prokasy awards for distinguished teaching. I am also pleased to find that the department won more awards from the campus Research Board this year than any other unit on campus, reflecting the extremely high quality of the research done by my colleagues.

I suppose the greatest surprise for me on taking over the department was to discover the enormous size of our enterprise. In 1986 we had 3,316 undergraduate enrollments, and now we have 4,078 — an increase of 23% — and of these 342 are majors (an increase of 37% on the 1986 figure). Our graduate enrollments have increased even faster: from 195 in 1986 to 351 today — an increase of 81%. This rapid expansion, at a time when our faculty and T.A. strength has remained stable, has presented the Department with a number of serious problems. On the one hand it has proved necessary to "cap" a number of our more popular courses so that the burden on the instructors, and indeed on the students, would not become oppressive. Even so we have many classes at the 300 level which enroll on a regular basis more than 60 students — a nice compliment to their instructor, but a crushing load all the same. And then there is also the problem of financing our graduate students, new and old. But here, thanks to the tireless efforts of CHARLES STEWART and the quality of our own graduates, we have achieved a remarkable expansion in our funding. We have managed to raise our fellowship funds by 29%, and that means that we will have 25 students on fellowships, almost one quarter of the total, something that this department has never achieved before. Among those fellowships are nine off-campus awards, won in national or international com-

RUSSEL RECEIVES AWARD ON 100TH BIRTHDAY

Robert Royal Russel, Professor Emeritus at Western Michigan University and our department's oldest living Ph.D., was honored by friends and colleagues on the occasion of his 100th birthday, September 29, 1990, at a banquet held in Kalamazoo, Michigan. Tributes were read from a number of prominent historians; from representatives of McPherson College, Kansas, where Russel did his undergraduate work, and the Uni-

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Russel and Johannsen

petition, and eleven campus fellowships. To put the latter figure in perspective, we calculate that History graduates were eligible this year for thirty-two campus fellowships, and that there were about 700 potential applicants; so our eleven successful candidates were able to garner for this Department more than one-third of the available total.

Finally the Department was able to welcome, as usual, a distinguished host of international and national scholars who came to visit us for one learned purpose or another. The high point was surely the conference on Seventeenth Century Britain organized by CAROLINE HIBBARD, for — as the report on p. 4 confirms, the list of speakers and participants reads like a roll-call of those whose work has defined the subject: JOHN ELLIOTT, Regius Professor of Modern History at Oxford; CONRAD RUSSELL, Astor Professor of British History at London University; AIDAN CLARKE, President of the Royal Irish Academy . . . in short, anyone who is anyone in seventeenth-century British history was in town for Caroline's Conference.

With achievements like this, it is clear that the Department has attained a position of high prominence whether one looks at the campus, the nation, or the world. It is a pleasure and a privilege to be its Chairman.

Geoffrey Parker

versity of Kansas, where he received his M.A. degree; and from several University of Illinois administrators. Robert W. Johannsen addressed the gathering on "Robert R. Russel and the Irrepressible Conflict," in which he reviewed Russel's contributions to the study of the coming of the Civil War, especially as they related to the question of the war's inevitability. Following his talk, Johannsen presented Russel with the department's first Distinguished Alumni Award. Russel responded to the tributes with a rather vigorous statement in which he put a "gloss" (as he said) on the question of the irrepressible conflict and the inevitability of the Civil War.

Russel began his doctoral work in our department in 1915, under the direction of Everts Boutell Greene and Arthur C. Cole, and, after a period of military service in World War I, he received his Ph.D. degree in 1922, under the direction of Theodore Calvin Pease. James G. Randall, then in his first year in the department, was a member of Russel's committee. Russel's dissertation was a study of "Some Economic Aspects of Southern Sectionalism, 1840-1861." Published first in 1924 and reprinted twice since, the study was a pioneering effort in antebellum Southern history and is still cited today. In addition to a number of articles on the impact of slavery on Southern economic progress, Russel is the author of an ambitious study of the Pacific Railroad issue before the Civil War, *Improvement of Communication with the Pacific Coast as an Issue in American Politics, 1783-1864* (1948), a work that grew out of his Master's thesis at Kansas under Frank Heywood Hodder. Three provocative articles were published in the *Journal of Southern History* on the Compromise of 1850 (for which Russel was awarded the Southern Historical Association's first Charles W. Ramsdell Prize), the issues involved in the struggle over the Kansas-Nebraska Act, and the constitutional doctrines pertaining to the question of slavery in the territories.

The occasion was a festive one, as Russel and his wife Ethel (who is a mere ninety-five years old) received the warm congratulations from the Western Michigan University community, of which they had been a part since 1922, and from his admirers in the historical profession.

Robert W. Johannsen

CLARK AND MARY LEE SPENCE, WALLACE FARNHAM RETIRE

The 1989-90 academic year became the last for three long-time members of the Department of History.

CLARK C. SPENCE is a native of Great Falls, Montana, who grew up in Idaho and who, after a four-year stint in the U.S. Army Air Force during World War II, earned B.A. and M.A. degrees from the University of Colorado and a Ph.D. in History from the University of Minnesota. After teaching for years at the Pennsylvania State University, he joined the department in 1961 and he served as department chairman from 1967 to 1970. In the course of his three decades with the department, Professor Spence, a specialist in economic history and Western history and much else, easily became the most prolific member of the department. A mere list of his books will substantiate such a claim: *British Investments and the American Mining Frontier, 1860-1901* (1958); *God Speed the Plow: the Coming of Steam Cultivation to Great Britain* (1960) — winner of Agricultural History Society Book Award; *The Sinews of American Capitalism* (1964); *The American West: A Source Book* (1966); *Mining Engineers and the American West: The Lace-Boot Brigade, 1849-1933* (1970) — award of merit by the American Association for State and Local History; *Territorial Politics and Government in Montana, 1864-89* (1975); *Montana: A Bicentennial History* (1978); *The Rainmak-*



ers: *American "Pluviculture" to World War II* (1980); *The Salvation Army Farm Colonies* (1985); *The Conroy Placer Mining Company: A Pioneer Gold Dredging Enterprise in Montana, 1897-1922* (1989). In addition he has written more than forty articles and essays and well over one hundred book reviews. His honors have included a Fulbright Scholarship, a Ford Foundation Faculty Fellowship, a Guggenheim Fellowship, an appointment as associate of the University of Illinois Center for Advanced Study, and the presidency of the Western History Association. During the summer of 1990 Clark Spence was off to Fairbanks, Alaska, to do research for Book Number 11.

Although also a resident of the Champaign-Urbana community since 1961, it was not until January, 1973, that a change in university regulations made it possible for MARY LEE SPENCE to become associated with the Department of History. She is a native of Texas who earned her B.A. and M.A. degrees at the University of Texas and her Ph.D. at the University of Minnesota. In the Department of History, first on a part-time and subsequently on a full-time basis she held an appointment that involved both the advising of undergraduate History majors and teaching. She witnessed both the decline of History as an undergraduate major — from 350 in 1973 to 240 in 1984 — and its dramatic revival — to 402 in 1990. In 1986 she won the Liberal Arts & Sciences College Council Award in Advising, and she pioneered courses in the history of American women and American Indians. As a scholar she is best known as the co-editor — and, in the case of Volume 3, sole editor — of *The Expeditions of John Charles Frémont* (3 vols. and 2 supplementary vols; Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1970, 1973, 1985). She also furnished numerous articles to journals like the *Western Historical Quarterly* and the *Journal of Arizona History*, and she published many encyclopedia articles and more than forty book reviews. A longtime officer in the Western History Association, she served as its president in 1981-1982. Her article, "George W. Wright: Politician, Lobbyist, Entrepreneur," was published in the Summer 1989 issue of the *Pacific Historical Review*. At the third Fur Trade Symposium (held in St. Louis in November 1989), she gave a paper, "The French of the Frémont Expedition." During 1989-90 she served as a member of the Graduate College Executive Committee. In retirement she remains hard at work editing the letters of Jessie Benton Frémont.

WALLACE D. FARNHAM, a native of Iowa, earned his B.A. at Cornell College (Iowa), his M.A. at Columbia University, and his Ph.D. at the University of Oregon. He taught for eight years at the University of Alberta and for three years at the University of Wyoming before joining the department in 1967. As a teacher at Illinois he will be best remembered for his courses in the Legal and Constitutional History of the United States and for "The Gilded Age." During the 1970s he spent a total of four years at the University of Warsaw as part of an exchange program between that institution and the University of Illinois and Indiana University. Those years resulted both in a course in the History of Poland and in a book, *Shifting Currents in Polish-American Relations* (University of Warsaw Press, 1976). His article, "The Weakened Spring of Government: A Study in Nineteenth-Century American History" (*AHR*, April 1963), continues to be cited for its insights into the role played by the national government during those years. A department dinner in Professor Farnham's honor was held at Katsinas Restaurant in September 1990. Since then he has made his retirement home in Salmon, Idaho.



BUCKLER, MITCHELL, WALKER, AND LEFF ARE PROMOTED

Four members of the department were granted promotions in rank in June of 1990. JOHN BUCKLER, RICHARD MITCHELL, and JULIET WALKER were promoted to the rank of Professor. MARK LEFF, to the rank of Associate Professor.

A member of the department since 1973, John Buckler is well known among historians of the ancient world for his book *The Theban Hegemony* (1980) as well as for his contributions to successive editions of the Buckler, Hill, McKay surveys, *The History of Western Society* and *The History of World Society*. In 1989 he published his second monograph, *Philip II and the Sacred War* (Leiden: E. J. Brill). He also served as co-editor of *Boiotika: Vortrage von 5. Internationalen Kolloquium zu Ehren von Professor Dr. Siegfried Lauffer* (Munich: Editio Maris, 1989). To the collection he contributed (in German) an article, "Pammenes, the Persians, and the Sacred War." In April 1990 he chaired a session at an international conference on the Urbana campus devoted to the life and writings of Werner Jaeger. At the annual meeting of the Association of Ancient Historians (Los Angeles, May 1990), he spoke on "Philip II and the King." His name appeared on the Fall 1989 List of Excellent Teachers.

Richard Mitchell, a member of the department since 1965, devoted part of the academic year to the correction of proofs of his book, *Patricians and Plebeians: the Origin of the Roman State*, scheduled for publication by the Cornell University Press. He is a longtime specialist in both the history of the Roman coinage and of the world of the Roman Republic in general. His numerous other activities included membership on the dean's advisory committee on the World Heritage Museum.

Juliet E. K. Walker, a member of the History Department since 1975 and best known for her monograph, *Free Frank* (1983), spent the 1988-89 academic year as an Associate of the University of Illinois Center for Advanced Studies working on a book about black entrepreneurs before the American Civil War. She is also preparing a book tentatively entitled, "Pioneers of Peace: Black Women Peace Activists." Her fifty-page essay, "Whither Liberty, Legality, or Equality: Slavery, Race, Property and the 1787 American Constitution," appeared in the *Journal of Human Rights* 6 (1989), and her essays on "Slave Entrepreneurs" and "Slave Drivers" were published in the new *Dictionary of Afro-American Slavery* (1988). An article, "Prejudices, Profits, Privileges: Commentaries on the 'Captive Capitalists': Antebellum Black Entrepreneurship," appeared in *Essays in Economic and Business History* 8 (1990).

At a Stanford University Black MBA Conference in February 1989, she spoke on "Prejudices, Profits, and Privileges," and at a conference sponsored by the U. of I. School of Social Work in March 1989, her topic was "Pioneers of Peace: Afro-American Women and the Peace Movement." At the Business and Economic History Conference in April 1989, she provided "Commentaries on 'Captive Capitalists': Antebellum Black Entrepreneurs." At the October 1989 conference on the Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History, she served as both a dis-



DIANE KOEMKER APPOINTED TO HEAD RUSSIAN CENTER

After only a brief interval, the prestigious University of Illinois Center for Russian and East European Studies — headed from 1959 until 1987 by its founding director, Professor of History Emeritus RALPH FISHER — is once again being led by a Professor of History. DIANE KOEMKER, a member of the department since 1982, took on that responsibility in January 1990.

The center is known around the world for its Summer Research Laboratory in Slavic Studies, for its faculty of forty-six academics (in different departments) and for its library holdings; it can boast one of the three largest collections of books in the field in the United States, the largest west of Washington, D.C. According to Professor Koemaker,

the Center's challenge for the 1990s is to exploit the library, the faculty, and the reputation they have built to re-energize our academic program in this time of rapid change in Eastern Europe and the USSR. My goal as Center Director is to expand the undergraduate curriculum in Russian and East European Studies, to strengthen its interdisciplinary and language components, and to implement a new interdisciplinary M.A. degree in Russian and East European Studies. We hope this degree will be approved for 1993-94

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cussant and as a commentator on panels dealing with "the Black Press." In December 1989, at the annual meeting of the Illinois State Historical Society, she gave the keynote address, "The Odyssey of a Black Historian." In the course of 1988-89 she visited Marquette University for four days as Ralph Metcalfe Professor, and she served in Georgia as University Center Visiting Scholar, delivering papers under the auspices of both the University of Georgia at Athens and Clark College/Atlanta University. In the course of the past two years she also gave a guest lecture at the University of Wisconsin (Madison) and two at the University of Missouri (Columbia). She is currently serving a second two-year term as Director of the Midwest Regional Association of Black Women Historians, and in August 1988 she arranged that organization's annual meeting. She is a member of the Advisory Board of Editors of *Sage: A Black Woman's Journal*. Her numerous campus responsibilities include that of Department of History Affirmative Action Officer.

Mark H. Leff, who taught at Washington University (St. Louis) for a number of years before joining the department in 1986, is best known for his book, *The Limits of Symbolic Reform: The New Deal and Taxation, 1933-1939* (New York: Cambridge University Press, 1984), which was hailed in the *AHR* as "an exceptionally good book and a major contribution to New Deal historiography." He is currently at work on a book dealing with the American home front during World War II, and a foretaste appeared in the October 1989 issue of *Swords and Plowshares* as "World War II, American Style: The Mystique of Home Front Sacrifice." In March 1990 he was appointed to the editorial board of the *Journal of American History*. His name appeared on the Fall 1989 campus List of Excellent Teachers, and in May 1990 he was the recipient of the Department of History's Queen Award for excellence in undergraduate teaching. For the past several years he has served the department as graduate adviser for students in American History.



and that it will attract new and talented students to our campus both to pursue specialized training for policy careers in Russian and East European studies and to prepare for eventual Ph.D. work in a discipline related to this field.

In the course of 1989-90, Diane Koenker became the author (with William G. Rosenberg) of a new book, *Strikes and Revolution in Russia, 1917* (Princeton University Press, 1989). She is also the co-editor (with William G. Rosenberg and Ronald Grigor Suny) of *Party, State, and Society in the Russian Civil War: Explorations in Social History* (Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 1989). In addition she contributed two co-authored essays to *Strikes, Wars, and Revolution in an International Perspective*, eds. Leopold H. Hainson and Charles Tilly (Paris and Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1989), two articles to the *Dictionary of the Russian Revolution* (Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1989), and reviews to the *Business History Review* and the *AHR*. In the course of the year she also delivered papers to the International Colloquium on Labour Movements and Revolutionary Potentials (meeting in Graz, Austria, in June 1989), to the University of Canberra, Australia, in October 1989, and to an ACDIS Showcase seminar on the Urbana campus in March 1990. She was in Australia during the Fall semester of 1989 as a Visiting Fellow of the Australian National University on the basis of a Fulbright Research Award.

CUNO, LIEBERSOHN, SCHNEIDER RECEIVE APPOINTMENTS

Specialists in the history of the Middle East, of Nineteenth-Century Europe, and of American social history joined the department effective August 1990.



KENNETH CUNO, a native of Syracuse, New York, who received his B.A. degree from Lewis and Clark College and his M.A. and Ph.D. degrees from the University of California at Berkeley, is the department's new specialist in the history of the Modern Middle East. From 1985 until 1990 he served as Visiting Assistant Professor at the American University in Cairo, Egypt; there he was twice honored for "outstanding teaching" by the university student union. His researches have centered on Egyptian rural life during the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, and articles by him have appeared in several journals including the *International Journal of Middle East Studies* and *Annales Islamologiques*. His essay, "Egypt's Wealthy Peasantry, 1740-1820," appeared in *Land Tenure and Social Transformation in the Near East*, ed. Tarif Khalidi (Beirut, 1984). He and his wife, Dr. Marilyn Booth, are the parents of an infant son.



HARRY LIEBERSOHN, a native of Washington, D.C., holds a B.A. degree from New College, Florida, and M.A. and Ph.D. degrees from Princeton University. He has taught at Northwestern University, at Georgetown University, and at New York University. From 1984 to 1990 he was a member of the History Department and Director of European Studies at the Claremont Graduate School in California. His special areas of interest are the history of nineteenth and twentieth-century German thought, and he is the author of several articles and of two books, *Religion and Industrial Society: The Protestant Social Congress in Wilhelmine Germany* (1986) and *Fate and Utopia in German Sociology, 1870-1923* (1988).



DOROTHEE SCHNEIDER, the wife of Harry Liebersohn, holds an appointment shared between the Department of History and the university's Institute of Labor and Industrial Relations. She is a native of Germany who holds an M.A. in History from the University of Massachusetts and a Ph.D. in History from the University of Munich. Her special areas of interest include German immigrant workers in nineteenth-century New York City and labor unions in both the United States and Europe during the later nineteenth and the early twentieth centuries. Her essay, "Between Craft Tradition and Industrial Unionism," appeared in *Ethnicity and the American Working Classes*, eds. Charles Stephenson and Robert Asher (1990). She has held an appointment as associate editor of the Samuel Gompers papers, and she has served as lecturer at Yale, the University of Maryland, and Scripps College (California). From 1988 to 1990 she held the post of Assistant Professor of History at Occidental College (in Los Angeles). She and her husband are parents of a three-year-old son.

DEPARTMENT CO-SPONSORS TWO MAJOR ACADEMIC CONFERENCES

In the course of 1989-90, the Department of History was instrumental in bringing to the Urbana campus two academic conferences that attracted distinguished scholars from not only all across the United States but also from overseas.

Conference on Arab Nationalism Honors C. Ernest Dawn

The conference of November 11-12, 1989, was organized by Professor CHARLES STEWART and one of its prime purposes was to honor Professor Emeritus C. ERNEST DAWN shortly after his retirement; he had served as a member of the department for forty years. Entitled "Processes of Arab Self-Definition," the conference was co-sponsored by the College of Liberal Arts & Sciences as well as by the Department of Political Science, the Program in South and West Asian Studies, and other campus units. The papers focused on the origins, the meanings, and the implications of twentieth-century Arab nationalism, a research area that Professor Dawn has made uniquely his own. Sessions dealt with such subjects as "The Search for National Identity," "National Concepts in the Inter-war Period and Beyond," and "Arab Nationalisms vs. Egyptian Nationalisms." The participants included, among others, JUAN R. I. COLE (University of Michigan), RASHID KHALIDI (University of Chicago), ENGIN AKARLI (Washington University), ARTHUR GOLDSCHMIDT (Penn State), and RASHID NAIM (Oxford University), as well as Professors Stewart and Dawn. It is anticipated that many of the contributions to the conference will in due course be printed in a volume being edited by Professor Stewart.

The Multiple Kingdoms of 17th Century Britain

Between April 4 and 7, 1990, most of the leading specialists in the history of early seventeenth-century Britain were gathered at Urbana on the University of Illinois campus at a conference organized by Professor CAROLINE HIBBARD with the cooperation of department chair GEOFFREY PARKER and of the College of Liberal Arts and Sciences.

A major purpose of the conference was to assess recent scholarship on the Scottish and Irish dimensions of what had been studied for decades as the background and the significance of the "English Civil Wars" of the 1640s. Papers were presented by JOHN MORRILL (Cambridge University), AIDAN CLARKE (Trinity College, Dublin, Ireland), MALCOLM SMUTS (University of Massachusetts), DEREK HIRST (Wash-

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ington University), BRIAN LEVACK (University of Texas), JENNY WORMALD (Oxford University), and MICHAEL MAXWELL (McGill University) as well as by Caroline Hibbard, and session commentators included PETER LAKE (Princeton University), LINDA LEVY PECK (Purdue University), BLAIR WORDEN (Oxford University), and MARK KISHLANSKY (University of Chicago). Also present was JOHN ELIOTT, the new Regius Professor of Modern History at Oxford. Professor the Earl [CONRAD] RUSSELL, Astor Professor of History at the University of London, gave in connection with the conference a public lecture, "A Not-Quite-Federal State: Britain 1603-1990," and he also conducted the Saturday morning conference "Wrap-Up Session." Receptions for conference participants were held at the homes both of Caroline Hibbard and of Geoffrey and Jane Parker.

NOTES FROM THE DIRECTOR OF GRADUATE STUDIES

One of the annoying (and I suspect bureaucratically imperative) reminders we frequently encounter in our careers is the regular finding that those who followed us in graduate school, or in a publishing house series, or on the sports fields are quite obviously a cut above the quality of student, or book or athlete that dated from our own days. So it is with caution yet forewarning that I write this note on the state of health of our graduate program; caution, lest our enthusiasm for the potential of this crop of students engenders readers' suspicions, and forewarning, that we may not be working with the best crop of graduate students the department has yet been privileged to serve.



The 1990 in-take of new students was a modest-sized class (23), purposely small to compensate for an especially large number of students who accepted our admissions offer last year and with the objective of keeping our overall enrollment in the range of 120-130 students. Half of the new class came to us with M.A.s in hand; three-quarters averaged over 90% on the Graduate Record Exam verbal scores. About three-quarters also arrived with financial aid for their first year, either from the department or campus or national sources.

These indications of quality of student at the entry level are also reflected in the number of our students who were successful in campus, national and international competitions for fellowship aid: 22 on-campus competitions were won by our students and 14 off-campus awards were received by our students (not inclusive of summer awards and stipends — another 6). These external fellowships include a Chateaubriand and Guggenheim, two IREX, a Mellon and a Truman Fellowship.

Yet another measure of the current program is the placement results from this past year: twelve candidates from the department were listed in our annual placement bulletin, and another five graduates were also on the "market." Nine of our PhDs (over half we were trying to help place) received tenure-track appointments; another four are holding non-tenure track posts and two have part-time positions. This is a record that gives us special satisfaction and it is one we have every reason to believe will be continued.

As ever, it is the help from alumni directing the very best and brightest students to our program that remains our most effective recruiting tool; it is your continued good advice to your students that will assure a continuity in the quality students we are now seeing in the program.

Charles Stewart

MICHALOVE APPOINTED UNDERGRADUATE ADVISER



Effective August 1990, SHARON D. MICHALOVE has become academic adviser for undergraduate students in the Department of History. The first academic professional to be associated with the department, Michalove is taking over the responsibilities fulfilled by Professor MARY LEE SPENCE until her retirement.

A native of Illinois, Sharon was born in Chicago and spent most of her early years in Glenview before coming to the University of Illinois in 1969 as an undergraduate student. She received her B.A. degree in the Teaching of Social Studies in 1972 and her M.S. degree in Library and Information Science from the University of Illinois in 1975.

After completing her B.A. degree, Sharon took up a career as editor, working on textbooks, journals, and comparable publications. She has been employed by the high school and college social studies divisions of the Scott, Foresman Publishing Company, by the American Oil Chemists' Society as staff editor in charge of two monthly journals, and by the Urbana campus Agriculture Publications Office. From 1984 until 1990 she served as editor in the campus Engineering Publications office. She has also been employed by several divisions of the university library. Although she has read on a wide range of historical topics, Sharon Michalove's primary field of interest is the political and legal history of fourteenth and fifteenth-century England.

VISITING APPOINTMENTS

It is customary for the department to play host to visiting scholars and lecturers each year and neither 1989-90 nor 1990-91 have constituted exceptions. During the 1989-90 academic year our course offerings in Latin American history were provided by MARGAREDA NEVES, JOSE RENIQUE, and BERT BARICKMAN. Professor Neves was on leave from the Pontificia Universidade Catolica do Rio de Janeiro, where she serves as Professor of Brazilian History. Dr. Renique, who holds a Ph.D. from Columbia University, spent the entire academic year with us as Visiting Assistant Professor. Finally Bert Barickman, a home-grown talent who completed his Ph.D. here this fall and who has since been appointed to the History faculty at Arizona State University, taught for the department during the spring of 1990.

During the spring the department also benefited from the services of THOMAS SMITH (a University of Iowa Ph.D. who has taught for that institution) and of Dr. CAROL LEFF, both of whom offered courses in Modern European History. Dr. Leff, who has since been appointed Visiting Assistant Professor in the Department of Political Science, is the author of *National Conflict in Czechoslovakia: the Making and Re-making of the State* (1988). DAN McDONOUGH, who has since completed the requirements for his doctorate at Illinois, served the department as lecturer in the American History survey. Dr. KAREN MILLER, Assistant Professor of History at the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, was affiliated with the department as a Chancellor's Minority Postdoctoral Fellow.

During the 1990 Summer Session the department's regular faculty was also augmented by several visitors. RICHARD ALLEN, a U. of I. Ph.D., returned once again to offer a course in the History of the Third World. WILLIAM PETERSON, another U of I. Ph.D., who had served as Visiting Assistant Professor during the 1989-90 academic year, stayed on to teach American History. CARL ESTABROOK, a Visiting Scholar at the university, taught a survey course in Western Civilization to 1660, and

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WILLIAM SUTTON, a U. of I. doctoral candidate, taught U.S. History to 1877.

During the Fall of 1990 SLOBODAN DUSANIC, Professor of History at the University of Belgrade, Yugoslavia, joined the university as a Fulbright Scholar and as a lecturer on ancient Greek history. Professor Dusanic's publications include *The Arcadian League of the Fourth Century (1870)* and *History and Politics in Plato's 'Laws'* (1990). Also with the department during 1990-91 under Fulbright auspices is Professor SIRAJUL ISLAM of the University of Dhaka, Bangladesh, who holds a Ph.D. from the University of London. He is engaged in research on American perceptions of South Asia in the eighteenth century. LISA DUGGAN, a recent recipient of a Ph.D. from the University of Pennsylvania, is currently a Postdoctoral Fellow with the department. An essay by her was included in *Presenting the Past: Perspectives on History and the Public* (1986), and her article, "From Instincts to Politics: Writing the History of Sexuality" will be appearing in a future issue of the *Journal of Sex Research*.

Other visitors during 1990-91 include, in Chinese history, Dr. CHARLES HAYFORD, whose *To the People: James Yen and Village*

HISTORY HONORS

SCHROEDER, JOHANNSEN, AND BARRETT NAMED UNIVERSITY SCHOLARS

In the course of 1989 and 1990 three additional members of the department have been named University Scholars. Established in 1985, the University Scholars program has thus far honored a total of 159 faculty members from the Chicago and Urbana campuses of the University of Illinois with substantial research grants for a three-year period. Eight of the Urbana campus appointments have thus far gone to members of the History Department.

PAUL W. SCHROEDER, a leading historian of nineteenth and twentieth-century international relations and a member of the department since 1962, was named a University Scholar in October 1989. The academic year that followed was, as usual, a busy one for him. He is the author of three new essays: "Failed Bargain Crises, Deterrence, and the International System," in Paul C. Stern et al, eds., *Perspectives on Deterrence* (New York: Oxford U. Press, 1989); "Germany and the Balance of Power: Past and Present, Part I" in Wolf Gruner, ed., *Gleichgewicht in Geschichte und Gegenwart* (Hamburg: Kramer, 1989); and "Die Habsburger Monarchie und das europäische System im 19. Jahrhundert," in A.M. Birke and G. Heydemann, eds., *Die Herausforderung des europäischen Staatensystem* (Göttingen: Vandenhoeck und Ruprecht, 1989). Reviews by him appeared in the *Journal of Modern History* and in the *International History Review*. In August 1989 he participated in Berlin in a conference marking the fiftieth anniversary of the onset of World War II; he delivered (in German) a paper, "The United States and the Origins of the Second World War." In September 1989 at a meeting of the Consortium on Revolutionary Europe meeting in Tallahassee, Florida, his topic was "Napoleon's Foreign Policy: A Criminal Venture." At the AHA meeting in San Francisco in December 1989 he spoke on "1848 and the Vienna System." At an international conference at Washington, D.C.'s Woodrow Wilson Center in April 1989, his topic was: "1848 and 1989: the Peril and the Profit of Historical Comparisons." An article he published in April 1989 in the *Review of International Studies* on "The Nineteenth Century Balance of Power" received the 1990 British International Studies Prize. He currently serves on the editorial boards of the *AHR*,

China was recently published by the Columbia University Press. Courses in African history are being offered by WILLIAM NASSON, Senior Lecturer of History at the University of Cape Town, the author of numerous journal articles and of the forthcoming *Abraham Esau's War*. Courses in Russian history are being taught during the spring semester by MATTHEW PAYNE.

Several visiting faculty members of 1989-90 have continued to assist the department during the current academic year. LILLIAN HODDESON-BAYM, the Principal Historian of the Los Alamos National Laboratory Historical Project and the holder of a Ph.D. degree in Physics, is again teaching courses in the History of Science. BARRY RICCIO, by now a familiar figure in the corridors of Gregory Hall, is teaching courses in American history under "Unit One" auspices. Finally, the department's undergraduate colloquia are being lent variety by the contributions of advanced doctoral candidates: TERRI KAMINSKI, SUSANNE SCHICK, ROBERT UBRIACO, and ROBERT KENNEDY are all teaching in their areas of specialization, and SUDATA DEBCHAUDHURY is teaching the 100-level survey of Indian Civilization.

the *International History Review*, and *Historical Abstracts*, and he remains a member of the Advisory Council of the West European Program of the Woodrow Wilson Center. He is also, as often in the past, an elected member of the department's executive committee.

ROBERT W. JOHANNSEN, a member of the department since 1959 and since 1973 James Garfield Randall Distinguished Professor of History, was named a University Scholar in October 1990. Well known for his prize-winning biography of Stephen A. Douglas (1973) as well as, more recently, for *To the Halls of Montezuma: The Mexican War in the American Imagination* (1985) and for *The Frontier, The Union, and Stephen A. Douglas* (1989), Johannsen in recent years been at work on books dealing with both James K. Polk and Abraham Lincoln. His lecture, *Lincoln and the South in 1860*, the 12th R. Gerald McMurtry Lecture, was published in 1990 by the Louis A. Warren Lincoln Library and Museum of Fort Wayne, Indiana. Reviews by him appeared in both the *AHR* and the *Georgia Historical Quarterly*. In November 1989 he spoke at the Amon Carter Museum in Fort Worth, Texas, on "The Mexican War and American Popular Culture." He is currently chairman of the Board of Directors of the Great American People Show. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of the Abraham Lincoln Association and of the advisory and editorial boards of the Lincoln Legals, the organization that is preparing a documentary history of Lincoln's law practice. He served as a consultant for the Public Broadcasting System film series, "The Civil War," shown during the fall of 1990.

Also named University Scholar in October 1989 was Associate Professor of History JAMES R. BARRETT, a member of the department since 1984. The other honors Barrett received this year are listed elsewhere in *History at Illinois*. In 1990 the University of Illinois Press published a paperback edition of his book, *Work and Community in the Jungles: Chicago's Packinghouse Workers, 1894-1922*. His article, "Women's Work, the Family Economy, and Labor Militancy: the Case of Chicago's Immigrant Packinghouse Workers, 1900-1922," ap-



peared in Robert Asher and Charles Stephenson, eds., *Labor Divided: Race and Ethnicity in United States Labor Struggles, 1835-1960* (Albany: SUNY Press, 1990), and another article, "Polish Immigrants and the Mentality of the Unskilled Immigrant Worker, 1900-1922," appeared in the Spring 1989 issue of *Polish American Studies*. Reviews by Barrett appeared in the *JAH*, the *AHR*, *Science and Society*, the *Journal of American Ethnic History*, *Labor History*, and the *Illinois Historical Journal*. In May 1989 he spoke to the University of Chicago on "After Haymarket and Pullman: The Re-emergence and Decline of Labor Radicalism in Chicago," and in March 1990 he spoke on a related topic to a conference on labor history sponsored by the State Historical Society of Wisconsin. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the Illinois State Historical Society.

BARRETT WINS TEACHING AWARDS, NEWBERRY LIBRARY FELLOWSHIP

Several months before the announcement of his appointment as University Scholar, JAMES R. BARRETT became the most recent member of the department to win the coveted College of Liberal Arts and Sciences' William F. Prokasy Award for Distinguished Teaching. He also won a second teaching award, the Amoco Award, for his preparation of a new course, *History 296*, "Chicago: the City as Social Historical Laboratory." The April 12, 1990, issue of *Instruction at Illinois* describes the manner in which Professor Barrett has used one of the university's most sophisticated multi-media classrooms in order to "zip from film to tape to slide to document, projecting images of the city's past onto a 52-inch television monitor." Students are enabled not only to see and hear the history of Chicago but also to "conceptualize otherwise abstract subjects." Except for regular visits to Champaign-Urbana, Barrett is spending the 1990-1991 academic year at Chicago's Newberry Library as recipient of the Lloyd Lewis Fellowship in American History. There he is completing a biography of William Z. Foster, the early twentieth-century socialist, syndicalist, and communist leader. He is also laying the groundwork for a subsequent project, "Americanization from the Bottom Up," one that assesses the acculturation of immigrants to the United States in the light of their experiences at the work place and as affected by labor unions and political organizations.

BURLINGTON-NORTHERN AWARD GOES TO JOHN BUCKLER

JOHN BUCKLER, whose promotion to the rank of Professor has been noted elsewhere in *History at Illinois*, became in the spring of 1990 a recipient of a Burlington-Northern Foundation Faculty Achievement Award. He was recommended for the award not only because of his success as a classroom teacher in courses like *History 181* and *History 381* and 382 but also because of his contributions to *The History of Western Society* and *The History of World Societies*. These books have enabled Professor Buckler in the course of the past fifteen years to introduce more American college students to the history of the ancient world than has any other individual.

THREE HISTORIANS WIN "CULTURAL VALUES" AWARDS

Awards for one Department of History faculty member and for two doctoral students were announced in April 1990 by a new campus division, the Program for the Study of Cultural Values and Ethics. According to Professor WALTER FEINBERG, a Professor of Educational Policy Studies and director of the new program, the awards are intended to bring campus attention to cultural values and ethics and "to do so in a way that will influence scholarship and teaching in all areas."

BLAIR B. KLING, a member of the department since 1962, was award-

ed a faculty research fellowship for the spring of 1991 in order to study "Corporate Ethics and Value Conflicts in Labor Relations at the Teta Iron and Steel Company of India, 1920-1958." IRVING ERLICHIRIGOTTY, a doctoral student, was granted a scholarship in order to examine "The Ethics of Production and Consumption of the Global Earth: the 'Limits to Growth' Debate as a Case Study." Another doctoral student, DANIEL PERIS, was awarded a scholarship in order to study "Soviet Secularization Strategies: the League of the Militant Godless, 1925-1941."

ARNSTEIN GIVES FIRST COLLEGE JUBILEE LECTURE



Last year's *History at Illinois* announced the appointment of WALTER L. ARNSTEIN as one of the first two Jubilee Professors of the College of Liberal Arts and Sciences, appointments designed "to recognize faculty who have contributed strongly across the board, through teaching . . . research and academic citizenship." On March 12, 1990, Arnstein presented his Jubilee Lecture to a large audience in the Levis Faculty Center. Giving his talk the title, "Queen Victoria's Jubilees and the Ironies of History," Arnstein — after exploring the historical meanings of both the word "jubilee" and the word "irony" — went on to elaborate on four ironies likely to impress the historian of the celebrations that marked the Golden (50th) and Diamond (60th) anniversaries of the queen's accession:

(1) The Jubilees have been hailed as inaugurating the twentieth-century ceremonial British monarchy, and yet the Queen herself, during the last two-thirds of her reign, cherished her behind-the-scenes exercise of political influence while doing her best to minimize her ceremonial role.

(2) During the Jubilees the queen was extolled as matriarch of her people, and yet the role of mother to her own children brought her remarkably few personal satisfactions.

(3) Although the Jubilees were to be looked back upon as great celebrations of the British empire, neither the queen nor her ministers initially intended or expected them to serve such a purpose.

(4) Although we view the Jubilees as marking the climax of a long era of relative peace and stability, the late Victorians themselves tended to look back on their own century as the single most dramatic and eventful century in all recorded history.

The Jubilee Lecture was not the only event to occupy Professor Arnstein during 1989-90. In the fall semester he served as acting department chair. His article, "Recent Studies in Victorian Religion: History" appeared in the Autumn 1989 issue of *Victorian Studies*, and his article about Queen Victoria was published in Sally Mitchell, ed., *Victorian Britain: An Encyclopedia*. He reviewed three books for *Victorian Studies* and one each for *Albion* and for *The Historian*. He served as Phi Alpha Theta initiation banquet speaker both at Ohio Wesleyan University and at Iowa State University. He remains a member of the editorial boards of both *The Historian* and of *Albion*.

DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES

Colloquium Series

Chaired by MEGAN MCLAUGHLIN, the department's colloquium committee put together an unusually varied and stimulating program for the 1989-90 academic year. Several of our guests came from abroad. ROLF STEININGER (University of Innsbruck, Austria) spoke on "The German Question (University of the Future of Europe)," and ADAM WALASZEK (of the Jagiellonian University, Poland) took up the topic: "Was the Polish Worker Asleep? Polish Immigrants and the Labor Movement in the United

Continued on page 9

HISTORY FELLOWSHIP FUND

The department launched a major fund-raising effort in 1987-88 to provide for additional fellowships for graduate students. We are deeply indebted to you, our alumni, for helping to make our efforts during 1989-90 so successful. The following individuals made contributions during that academic year:

Adelman, Gary & Phyllis	Diller, Mary	Kohlenberg, Gilbert & Mary	Rizzo, Peter
Agnew, John	Doherty, Richard	Kotler, Richard	Robinson, Lewis & Anna
Agnew, Theodore	Dorrill, Rebecca	Kral, Thomas	Rogers, George A. & Betty A.
Agocs, Endre J. & Mary Ellen B. Alba, Patricia	Dunn, Jack & Deborah Erickson, Nancy & Dennis Erickson, Robert F.	Kratovil, Judy E. & Robert A. Krueger, William	Romanello, Anthony
Almy, Nini & Benjamin Uroff	Erickson, Robert F.	Kuny, Mary & Fred	Sailor, Danton B.
Althoff, John H. & Mary Lou Andrews, Donna S. & H. Dean Aerospace Corporation	Erlandson, Howard E. Ewell, Raymond W.	Larson, Arthur Q. Jr. Leff, Mark & Carol	Scharnau, Ralph W. & Ruth C. Schmiechen, James A.
Aretas, Dayton	Fisher, Ralph & Ruth Fritz, Stephen	Leverett, Rhett	Schmidt, Kathleen
Arford, Princess & Carroll Arnstein, Walter & Charlotte Baeckelandt, David	Fritzsche, Peter & Karen Hewitt Gallatin, Harrie K.	Lewis, Gene	Schroeder, Paul & Violet
Baker, Virginia & Wayne Barthel, Daniel	Gillespie, Eugene W. Gividen, Larry	Lobdell, George & Delores Lowe, Marvin	Schwartz, Thomas
Bates, Leonard & Dorothy Beck, Ann F.	Graebner, William & Dianne Bennett	Madden, Michael J.	Sentochnik, Anthony
Bennett, Edward & Margery Bernheim, Elizabeth B.	Griswold, Kathy	Maltese, Susan	Shaler, Lee
Bers, Howard	Haas, James & Mary Hanes, Jeffrey	Marik, Mary & Warren J. Mattison, Leona	Sharp, Buchanan
Bossi, Charlotte	Hanley, Mark	McClees, Mark D.	Shea, Susan H. & William T. Shepardon, Donald
Bradford, Raymond	Hass, Carl & Genevieve Helmsreich, Ernest	McColley, Robert & Diane McDaniel, Robert	Shkolnik, Esther & Leon Simmons, Charles
Brookreson, William E. Brucker, Gene	Hickey, Eugene W. Hickey, Larry	McLaughlin, Megan	Skehen, Deborah & Joseph Smith, Deborah
Burkhardt, Richard & Jayne Burton, Georganne & Orville Cahill, William F. & Debra C. Carlson, Earland J.	Hobbs, Carl & Genevieve Hockman, Daniel & Lois Hoeveler, J. David & Diane M. Hogrefe, Gary	Meier, Duane E.	Smith, Jay C. & Mary Ellen Smith, Wilda
Chow, Kai-Wing & Teresa Cingolani, Judith	Holden, Christine Hooper, James E.	Meridian Bancorp Inc (Matching Susan Shea)	Spall, Richard & Rosemary Sprunger, Keith
Coil, George L. & Virginia W. Compton, Thomas	Hubbell, John	Meyers, Charles & Sylvia Michaels, Barbara J.	Steiner, Walter J. & Jeanette T. Stewart, Charles
Coon, David & Betty Cornelius, Janet D	Hughes, George	Miller, James & Linda Miller, Stephen & Mary Mitterling, Philip & Doris Moss, Charles F.	Stewart, Guy
Covi, Marjorie	Jacobsen, Nils	Moss, Charles F.	Sutton, Robert & Elizabeth Taylor, Marjorie
Crawford, Harriet E. Crummey, Donald	Jones, Robert & Lois Jones, Beverly & Douglas Jones, Robert	Mularz, Thomas & Beth Nelson, Norman	Taylor, Rick
Cryder, Robert	Katele, Irene	Nissen, David R.	Tello, Jean
Cuca, James	Kelly, R., Earl	O'Donnell, Edward R. & Carol P. Ochs, Robert	Temple, Wayne & Sunderine Tevebaugh, John & Patricia Trelease, Allen
Danziger, Edmund & Margaret Darling, Josephine	Kem, Carol & William Kenzetic, David	Oyer, Vance Gordon	Turner, I. Bruce
Dearborn, Frederick	King, Keith	Pabst, Loraine	Van Deventer, Carroll
Deboise, Neilson & Martha Deneen, Terrence	Kirby, John	Palmer, Frederick	Venell, Marion
Dickerson, Theodore E.	Koch, Richard H. & Mary L.	Paulikas, George & Joan Pease, Marguerite	Wachman, Marvin & Adeline Wachs, Theodore

Contributions (which are tax-deductible) may be sent to the University of Illinois Foundation, History Graduate Studies Fellowships, 1401 W. Green Street, Urbana, IL 61801.

States, 1900-1922." ANDRZEJ WYROBISZ (University of Warsaw) lectured on "Social Structures of Early Modern European Cities."

Yet other speakers came from all over the United States. The topic of STEPHEN FISCHER-GALATI (University of Colorado, Boulder) was "Eastern Europe in the Imperial Vision of Charles V." and DANIEL HEADRICK (Roosevelt University) spoke on "Telecommunications and National Security in the Twentieth Century." THOMAS LODGE of the Social Science Research Council explored "Black Politics in South Africa Since 1976," and ALLAN MILLETT of Ohio State University interpreted "Recent Developments in the Bibliography of American Military History." JAMES GROSSMAN of the Newberry Library presented a paper, "The White Man's Union: The Great Migration and the Resurgence of Race and Class," and EDWARD BRUNNER of the University of Illinois in Chicago explicated "The Struggle over Meaning in Lincoln's New Salem." WILLIAM ROWE (Johns Hopkins) spoke on "The Public Sphere in Modern China: Reflections on Habermas and Chinese Studies," and KATHLEEN CONZEN (University of Chicago) portrayed the road "Up the Sauk Valley: The World the Immigrants Made."

Finally members of our own department, both permanent and visiting, contributed to the year's series. WINTON SOLBERG spoke about "Catholics at the University of Illinois" and JEFFREY HANES gave a paper, "Imagining the City: Visions of the Metropolis in Prewar Japan." LILLIAN HODDESON discussed "The Los Alamos Implosion Program in World War II: A Model for Postwar American Big Science" and TERENCE FINNEGAN, one of our doctoral students, assessed "Lynching in Mississippi."

The Social History Group

As both the "new social history" and its practitioners grow old, the Social History Group continues to meet and to evolve. This past year we have discussed suicide in nineteenth century New York City, European anti-Semitism, images of the Japanese city through the ages, and a wide range of other topics. Perhaps the most animated discussion focused on Peter Novick's *That Noble Dream: The "Objectivity Question" and the American Historical Profession*, an intellectual and political analysis of the profession in the United States since the late nineteenth century. About thirty faculty took part in the discussion, argued long and hard, and still left friends. Cultural anthropology continues to be a major influence on the group and on the research of individual members. Whenever possible, we read and criticize the work of colleagues, occasionally inviting scholars from other disciplines at Illinois or historians from other institutions to join us at our monthly meetings which continue to rotate among members' homes in Urbana and Champaign.

James R. Barrett

Phi Alpha Theta

Epsilon Chapter began the academic year by hosting the annual History Department picnic at Illinois Meadows. Soggy weather forced a cancellation of the first date, but we would not let our spirits be dampened, and the picnic was rescheduled for one week later. Second time turned out to be "the charm," and the annual picnic was held on a beautiful September afternoon; volleyball, football, baseball and good food were the order of the day! The annual book sale in late October was a grand success as we made more money than ever before; special thanks go to those who donated books! Early in November the annual placement seminar was attended by over thirty students. Professors FREDERIC JAHER and DONALD QUELLER provided valuable information and answered a variety of questions. In the spring, the chapter invited a record number of History undergraduates to join the ranks of those who are members of the international History Honor Society. On 3 April, thirty-seven new members were formally inducted into Phi Alpha Theta by the "spirits" of ages past, present, and future. The chapter concluded the year by organizing and hosting the annual History Department Awards Banquet. A

large number of faculty members and students gathered at the Round Barn Center to watch students receive their rewards and to hear Professor MAURICE LEE of Rutgers University (a one-time member of the History Department here) give an after-dinner lecture on the "Witchcraft Mania in Early Modern Europe." We subsequently learned that Professor Lee had decided most generously to donate his \$300 honorarium to the University of Illinois History Library. The year's activities were made possible by the Epsilon chapter's staff of officers: MARSH W. JONES, President; ROBERT KENNEDY, Vice-President; JACQUELINE DEVRIES, Historian and Administrative Assistant; SUSANNE SCHICK, Secretary; PATRICK KENNEDY, Treasurer; and Professor WALTER ARNSTEIN, Faculty Adviser.

Marsh W. Jones

British History Association

The selection of a new cabinet in the spring of 1989 saw the Celtic fringe capturing all the major offices. The Irish contingent, TOM CONNORS, BRIAN KENNY, and the two KENNEDYS, ROB and PATRICK, was the largest, but there were also representatives for Scotland (KATHLEEN COLQUHOUN) and Wales (MARSH JONES), if not for the Isle of Man and Cornwall. The year's presentations were more balanced, however, with slightly over half relating to the English Question. The Fall 1989 program began with WALTER ARNSTEIN's discussion of the troubles involved in getting Queen Victoria to open Parliament and was followed later in September by a concert of Elizabethan and Jacobean music by the Sneyd Consort from Keele, Staffordshire. In October LAWRENCE MCCAFFREY of Loyola University (Chicago) described the attributes of Irish America. The semester's program concluded with the University of Chicago's EMMET LARKIN's exploration of charges of clerical avarice in nineteenth-century Ireland.

In January CAROLINE HIBBARD talked about music at the early Stuart court. February's speaker, former *New York Times* correspondent JO THOMAS, explained the difficulties in covering the troubles in Northern Ireland and investigating allegations of a "shoot to kill" policy. The year's last speaker was C. ERNEST DAWN, whose topic was T. E. Lawrence's impact on Arabia. The British History Association's final meeting in April was a more casual occasion: we watched a special episode of "Yes, Minister" before selecting a new cabinet.

The high quality of the presentations was matched by equal success in the kitchen, in which we used the culinary skills of JOHN BEELER, KATHLEEN COLQUHOUN, ROB KENNEDY, JACQUI DEVRIES, PATRICK KENNEDY, and MARSH JONES, with help from SUSAN FEUILLE, SHARON MICHALOVE, and DIANA SMITH-RYDER. If the setting was not precisely Blenheim Palace, our meetings were held in hospitable and pleasant surroundings: we were graciously welcomed into the homes of Caroline Hibbard, the Temperleys, the Arnsteins, the Parkers, the Feuilles, and J. Alden Nichols.

The 1990-91 cabinet is headed by a Scot, Kathleen Colquhoun, surrounded mainly by solid Celts: Marsh Jones, Brian Kenny, Rob Kennedy, and MICHAEL SHIRLEY. We are also pleased to announce that JOHN BEELER has been kicked upstairs to the peerage, as Earl of the Isle of Dogs. Thomas Connors

The Women's Caucus

During the fall semester the annual tea took place for female faculty and graduate students. Professor ROBERT JOHANNSEN spoke to the graduate students on how to integrate their research with their teaching and thereby improve both. During the spring semester, Professors GEOFFREY PARKER and JAMES BARRETT provided a two-part presentation on how to choose a topic, do the research, and then write either a seminar paper or a doctoral dissertation.

Terri Kaminski

THE DEPARTMENT STAFF

The efficiency of the clerical staff was strengthened this year with the full-time appointment of KATHY KLEIN who filled our Secretary III vacancy, previously a half-time position. Kathy gained valuable experience and training in the Graduate College Administration before joining us in January. She resides with her husband and two children in Mahomet.

In addition to being secretary to the department chairman and providing supervision to three other secretaries, NADINE RUTLEDGE has learned to juggle a multitude of requests from faculty, staff and students. Helping her are PAT PROTHER, JUDY PATTERSON, and KATHY KLEIN. PAT has become quite proficient at meeting the textbook needs of the faculty each semester and handles a large share of the typing requests from department personnel. JUDY serves primarily as the department receptionist but finds time to order supplies, distribute the mail, manage the audio visual equipment, and shuffle mailboxes around frequently enough to keep faculty on their toes. KATHY provides clerical assistance to the placement officers of the department and spends a good portion of time helping to meet the typing requests of the faculty.

BETTY YOUNKER continues to provide valuable assistance to the department as secretary in the student records office. Her position has recently been upgraded to the Secretary IV level. Her duties include assisting the Director of Graduate Studies, the Admissions Officers, and the Undergraduate Academic Adviser in their respective roles.

The business affairs of the department remain in the experienced hands of SANDY COLCLASURE, who also provides general supervision to the staff of the department.

STUDENT AWARDS (MAY, 1990)

The Martha Belle Barrett Prize for the highest undergraduate grade point average went to JOHN H. WALKER. The joint winners of the Martha Belle Barrett Prize for the best Senior Honors Thesis were SHAWN E.

GOODMAN and JOHN H. WALKER. The Michael E. Scher Award for the most imaginative research paper written by an undergraduate student went to JONATHAN EPSTEIN. The Lawrence Marcellus Larson Prize, for the outstanding graduate student in English or Medieval History went to THOMAS CONNORS. The William O. Rodkey Prize for outstanding work in Russian History by a graduate student was awarded to DANIEL PERIS. The Joseph Ward Swain Award for the best research paper by a graduate student was won by NANCY E. VANDEUSEN. The Joseph Ward Swain Publication Prize was won by LOUIS B. HAAS. The Department's annual prize for excellence in teaching by a graduate teaching assistant was awarded to ROBERT D. UBRIACO.

OUR NEW PH.D.S

In the course of the 1989-90 academic year, the University of Illinois conferred M.A. degrees on twenty-one students in history. It also conferred four Ph.D. degrees. The names of the Ph.D. recipients follow, together with their dissertation titles, the names of their advisors, and their current positions.

DEFONSO, CHET R., "Henry Lucy and the World of Parliamentary Journalism, 1872-1916." (Walter L. Arnstein) He is Visiting Assistant Professor of History at Northern Michigan University (Marquette).

KIM, KISOON, "Mill, Gladstone, and Liberal Politics, 1865-1873." (Walter L. Arnstein) He is lecturer in History at both Sung Kyun Kwan University and at the Hankuk University of Foreign Studies (both in Seoul, South Korea).

MALTZ, ALESIA, "The Role of Language in the Discovery and Acceptance of Vitamins." (Richard W. Burkhardt) She is a member of the faculty at the College of the Atlantic (Bar Harbor, Maine).

MYERLY, SCOTT HUGHES, "Spectacle and Power: Military Imagery and the British Army, 1803-1856." (Walter L. Arnstein) He is an instructor in History at the University of Louisville.

Our Far-Flung Faculty

more fantastically, Leningrad TV, certainly the most innovative and outspoken of all Soviet TV centers, has asked me to narrate a television special on Nicholas II that is to be screened nationwide in 1992. I am to write my own script, making use of archival still photographs and films, and choose the shooting locations, such as the palaces and public places in and around St. Petersburg, as Leningrad may be called again by the time I return next May.

While I readily confess to feeling flattered by all this unfamiliar attention, obviously all the hullabaloo had little to do with me and everything to do with the Soviet Union of today. The realization that I was participating in a momentous debate with far-reaching consequences was much more exhilarating than my unexpected escape from obscurity. Instead of spinning elaborate conceptual webs within arcane corners of the ivory tower, I was privileged to join publicly in the national preoccupation with history that dominates the desperate search for an escape from the past.

There are at least three dimensions to this renewed interest in history. At its most basic, people are simply trying to find out more about their own past, so long distorted or entirely hushed up, and thus about themselves. Each day brings new and sometimes startling revelations in the daily and periodical press, while historical roundtables and panel discussions of the sort reviled by American media specialists as "talking heads programs" are popular TV fare in the evening. Clearly, history is central to quenching the thirst for facts in a disintegrating system, in which power used to spring from absolute information control.

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IN SEARCH OF RUSSIA'S HISTORY

Andrew Verner, Assistant Professor of History at the University of Illinois since 1988, spent the spring semester of 1989 in Leningrad on a research fellowship.



As a historian of late imperial Russia in general and the reign of Nicholas II in particular I am, of course, accustomed to laboring in relative obscurity. Imagine my great shock and not entirely unpleasant surprise, when I arrived in Leningrad this spring to continue my research on peasant petitions and ideology during the 1905 revolution, to be welcomed as an "eminent Western scholar," from the University of Illinois no less, and as a leading authority on the last tsar. To be asked to lecture at the Institute of History at the USSR Academy of Sciences in Leningrad is one thing — a number of my Western colleagues have done so over the years — but to be invited to speak to the general public, to say nothing of being interviewed repeatedly by newspapers and television, on the subject of Nicholas II would never have occurred to me even at my most delirious. Although, or perhaps because, pirated photocopies of my book, *The Crisis of Russian Autocracy: Nicholas II and the 1905 Revolution*, were being sold within weeks of its publication by Princeton University Press, Soviet publishers are still interested in a Russian translation. Even

History

comes together at Illinois

- Ancient Greece
- Ancient Rome
- Middle Ages
- Renaissance and Reformation
- Europe and Dependencies, 1648-1815
- Europe and Dependencies since 1815



Roman Coin, World Heritage Museum



Peter Paul Rubens, Sketch for The Banquet of Tereus, Krannert Art Museum and Kinkead Pavilion

- South Asia
- China
- Japan
- Colonial North America and Early United States to 1830
- United States since 1815
- American Cultural and Intellectual
- Afro-American History
- Latin America
- History of International Relations since 1871
- History of Medicine
- History of Science
- History of Women
- Military History

- Russia
- Eastern or Southeastern Europe
- British Isles to 1688
- Britain and Empire—Commonwealth since 1688
- Africa
- Near East and Middle East

Fog
The fog comes
on little cat feet.
It sits looking
over city and harbor
on silent haunches
and then moves on.

Carl Sandburg

"Fog," Carl Sandburg Papers, Illinois Historical Survey



Qur'anic Commentary, Haroun Ould Cheikh Sidia Collection, University Archives Microfilm



Chesterfield Cigarette Advertisement, 1943, D'Arcy Collection, Communications Library

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possible with such fanatics, and I therefore sought to ridicule and expose their dangerous prejudices before the rest of the audience.

My point here is not the dangers — physical, political, and otherwise — presented by my critics, but the self-serving exploitation of history that characterizes not only the monarchists but many others throughout the political spectrum. This is precisely where we historians come in. The limitations of self-referential reductionism and presentist projection are inherent in all history, to be sure. Instead of becoming an apologist tool of smug self-justification and deception, however, history at its best aspires to helping us step out of our own shadows in a critical process of self-examination and -definition, self-discovery and -understanding. Luckily for myself, as indeed for any historian of Russia, both the challenges and the opportunities never have been greater than in the Soviet Union of today.

Andrew M. Verner

TROPICAL TRANSIT

Joseph Love, a member of the department since 1966 and a specialist in the modern history of Brazil, tells us about his academic year in that country.



My family and I spent July 1989 to July 1990 in Sao Paulo, Brazil, where my wife Laurie (a law professor) and I took our sabbatical leaves, with much-appreciated help from the Fulbright Commission (Laurie) and the Guggenheim Foundation (me).

My project was to write a book comparing how the problem of underdevelopment was understood and theorized by economists and other social scientists in Brazil and Rumania in our century. I was still reading and conducting a few interviews, but I did manage to complete about two-thirds of the projected manuscript. I had a connection with the University of São Paulo's Institute of Advanced Studies, and Laurie was also associated with another USP research unit.

Coping with big city life — plus the additional problems this one has, with its ten million inhabitants, many of whom are immigrants from the impoverished Northeast — absorbed quite a lot of time in the first month or two. It took us eighteen days to find an apartment (furnished housing was rare because of the combination of inflation and rent controls), find schools for our children, buy a used car, and get set up at USP, where we could use the libraries, gym, and BITNET.

After extensive inquiries we were able to place our daughter Katy (age 8) and son David (4) in schools on the University campus, where they plunged into a new culture and language with great success. In a few months Katy was chiding her parents for their American accents, and by the end of the year, the kids were talking to each other more in Portuguese than English. Katy is still corresponding with Brazilian schoolmates in Portuguese.

It was quite a year in Brazilian economic and political history. Inflation rose from about 20% a month when we arrived in July, 1989, to over 80% by March, 1990. That's 125,000% at an annual rate, or 3 1/2 times what Nicaragua experienced under the Sandinistas. With a dollar income, we were relatively insulated. Yet the faster inflation climbs, the less time one should hold cash, and the speed with which money changes hands fuels inflation itself.

True, Brazil had been living with the problem of high inflation for ten years and with hyperinflation for four or five. This was only possible because most salaries and prices were tied to a series of indices, which procedure would have been impossible before the arrival of the computer. But by early 1990 it was clear, as expectations of inflation were always

Continued on page 12

The key role of history notwithstanding, there is considerably less certainty regarding history as a discipline and profession. Many of its Soviet practitioners are the targets of internal doubt and external skepticism, whereas their Western counterparts are very much in vogue because they are viewed as untainted by past compromises with the changeable party line and the strait-jacket of Leninist orthodoxy. The working class and party are out of fashion as subjects of historical inquiry; the former class enemies and traitors are in. Both inside and outside the profession the critics are demanding to know: How does one do history and what does it mean to be a historian?

It is with these questions in mind that I chose to speak to my colleagues at the Academy of Sciences about the role of the individual in history, using — not surprisingly — the example of Nicholas II. With a larger-than-life Lenin staring his disapproval and threatening to step out of his gold frame, I reminded them of their own schizophrenia in, on the one hand, emphasizing impersonal forces, iron laws, and historical inevitabilities at the expense of all independent human agency, and, on the other, extolling the personal qualities and leadership of a Lenin, a Stalin, or other party stalwarts. Yet I could find little comfort in the apparent readiness of the new editor of the leading Soviet historical journal to throw out the baby with the bathwater by abandoning all collective actors and structures in favor of singling out key individuals. Labelling the notion of the autonomous individual essentially a philosophical fiction popularized by the Enlightenment, I called on my listeners to study Freud and psychoanalysis in order to understand the influence of upbringing and environment on individual personality; I mentioned Durkheim and Weber as alternatives to Marx in identifying the incentives and constraints to individual action represented by social structure; I pointed them toward anthropology for a conception of culture not economically determined; and finally I argued — pro suo — for an understanding of ideology as structure that is socially constitutive and individually constraining. Although my remarks at best had done little more than scratch the surface, they were given a generous reception. Indeed, for the first time I had the sense of meeting on common ground in a manner that transcended personal cordiality and a shared language.

Contrasting sharply with the genuine curiosity about history and the quest for new methodologies is the third, more disturbing aspect of history's new-found prominence. For many the past is merely another arena for waging today's battles about the future. Instead of understanding and learning from history, people use it selectively to justify and legitimate their current positions and beliefs, no matters how biased or unjustifiable. With the conviction hardening that the entire Soviet regime was an unmitigated disaster — "the longest and greatest Lent in the history of Christianity," as one Soviet TV-journalist remarked ironically in surveying the empty stores before Easter — the pre-Soviet period is being desperately scrutinized for positive precedents and signs. What was bad for so long has become good, and vice versa.

This simplistic, knee-jerk extremism was very much in evidence among a small but vocal monarchist minority in the large standing-room-only crowd that attended my public lecture on two days' notice. Questions about the martyrdom of Nicholas and his family, about conspiracies and betrayals, ritual sacrifices and Freemasons (clearly a synonym for Jews), 1917, the present, and the future of monarchist government all bespoke the chauvinism and anti-semitism of my questioners. And expecting me to confirm their own biased preconceptions, they were incensed by my answers which did not accord with their hagiographic picture of Nicholas and autonomy. At that point they began to doubt my integrity openly and to denounce me out of earshot. "Why bother to study monarchy, if you are not a monarchist," someone identifying himself as a *constitutional* monarchist demanded to know; "stick to your beloved democracy instead." I was accused of parroting the party line, of being a CP member, a paid stooge of the KGB, and, worst of all, a Freemason. No dialogue seemed

higher, and the occasional price and wage freezes less and less effective, that inflation might go straight off the charts . . . Something like Germany in 1923, when people ordered two cups of coffee at once to avoid paying more for a refill! And there surely have been investment distortions in Brazil, such as more money being sunk into real estate and illegal dollar accounts than would have been the case without inflation. Strikes were also frequent even with the indexing, since raises came months apart, and the indexing procedure was often challenged. It also made a big difference when payment came during the month, and whether it all came at once. Politically, the sabbatical year was a choice time to be in Brazil, because, after a generation of military dictatorship, the country held its first direct presidential election in twenty-nine years. Under the 1988 constitution a two-stage election was held, with "right" and "left" candidates facing each other in a runoff. The Marxist Labor Party (PT) ran a genuine worker, Luis Inacio da Silva ("Lula"), against Fernando Collor, a handsome and well-bankrolled media candidate from a traditional political family. Collor won the second round with 52% of the vote, but not without changing his tactics.

He turned from a moderate progressive in the first round to red-baiter in the second in December. Some imaginative stunts accompanied the anti-Communist rhetoric. On the day before the runoff election, the police broke a kidnapping case, rounding up six Chileans who were demanding a ransom for a wealthy Sao Paulo businessman to support their terrorist activities, presumably in Chile. When their hideout was raided, (Brazilian) PT propaganda lay strewn across the floor; the malfactors were even photographed being led away in PT t-shirts! The fact that the election took place the next day was sheer coincidence. But possibly the lowest trick was sending alleged PT militants into Sao Paulo's lower-middle class neighborhoods to survey the number of rooms in each apartment, to be "reassigned" after Lula had won the election!

During the presidential debates, Lula had argued that there would have to be a partial cancellation of the country's huge foreign debt, as well as of the domestic debt. Not honoring the internal debt frightened the business community much more than treatment of the foreign debt.

But Collor had some unwelcome news of his own upon assuming the presidency in March. He froze all domestic bank accounts, which will be returned to their owners eighteen months later, probably after another major inflation, rendering them of little value. Thus the middle and upper classes would have to bear part of the burden of braking hyperinflation, something new in Brazilian history. It was remarkable what broad support Collor received in this measure (to implode liquidity) among the middle classes. If Lula had done the same thing as president, he would have been overthrown the following day. But Collor is a wealthy and "responsible" young man (age forty), so he got away with it, or seems to have done so. Inflation dropped from 80+ % a month in March to 2% in April, and was still holding at less than 10% in August. Naturally, Collor is not paying the foreign debt either.

Non-Brazilian residents as well had to sacrifice to control inflation. The dollar, which we were selling at almost 80 cruzados, suddenly was worth only 40 cruzeiros, as the currency is now called. This inconvenient development occurred because of the liquidity crisis; people had to have local currency to pay their bills and buy groceries, so the middle and upper classes were forced to draw down their accounts in Miami, and the dollar plunged. Two months later, the dollar was back to where it had been. Perhaps we lost \$500. Yet it's hard to compare what did happen against what didn't, despite economists' faith in counterfactual reasoning. Consider the boy who comes home from school and tells his father: "Dad! I saved 50 cents by not riding the bus home today!" His father replies: "You fool! Why didn't you not take a cab and save \$5?"

Given the politics, economics, and debut of the lambada, it was a fascinating year to be in Brazil.

Joseph L. Love

OTHER FACULTY NEWS OF 1988-89

ROBERT M. BERDAHL remains Vice-Chancellor for Academic Affairs at the University of Illinois. The June 1990 issue of the *AHR* described his book, *The Politics of the Prussian Nobility: The Development of a Conservative Ideology, 1770-1848* (Princeton, 1988), as "a valuable work that reflects a mastery of sources as well as great scholarly diligence and judiciousness."

PAUL BERNARD spent part of the academic year overseeing the publication process of his forthcoming book, *The Public Life of Count J.A. Pergen*. A German version of the work on the eighteenth-century Austrian statesman was published at Mainz, Germany, in 1989 as *Der Weg des Grafen J.A. Pergen*. Bernard also published reviews in the *English Historical Review*, the *Austrian History Yearbook*, and *Choice*.

RICHARD W. BURKHARDT, Jr. contributed "Theory and Practice in Naturalistic Studies of Behavior Prior to Ethology's Establishment as a Scientific Discipline" to Marc Bekoff and Dale Jamieson, eds., *Methods, Inference, Interpretation, and Explanation in the Study of Behavior*, 2 vols., (Boulder: Westview Press, 1990), Vol. 2, as well as a review to the *American Scientist*. He spoke about Charles Otis Whitman, Julian Huxley, and Konrad Lorenz in three lectures at the Marine Biological Laboratory (Woods Hole, Mass., August 1989), and he chaired a session at the meeting of the History of Science Society (Oct. 1989). He has been named to the editorial board of *History and Philosophy of the Life Sciences*, and he has been elected to a three-year term on the History of Science Society Council. He remains co-editor of *Oxford Monographs in the History and Philosophy of Biology* as well as a member of the editorial board of the *Journal of the History of Biology*. He also continues as Director of the Campus Honors Program.

KAI-WING CHOW is pleased to report that Stanford University Press has accepted for publication a revised version of his doctoral dissertation on the life and thought of Li Chih (1527-1602), the controversial populist thinker of the late Ming era. In the meantime he presented a paper, "Power, Discourses, Education: the Invention of the T'ung-Ch'eng School in Ch'ing China" to the annual meeting of the Association of Asian Studies in Chicago in April 1990. He was named a 1990 Arnold O. Beckman Fellow. For the summer of 1990 he was also granted an Illinois-Tamkang Research Award and named a Center for Chinese Studies (Taipei) Fellow.

DONALD CRUMMEY remains director of the University of Illinois Center for African Studies. His article, "Society, State, and Nationality in the Recent History of Ethiopia," appeared in the *Journal of African History*, 31:1 (1990) and reviews appeared in the same journal as well as in the *Journal of the American Oriental Society*. In Warsaw, Poland, in November 1989, he spoke to the university's Institute of Oriental Studies on "Oral Tradition in a Literate Culture: the Case of Christian Ethiopia." He was interviewed on three separate occasions by the Voice of America, and he also appeared on local TV and radio programs.

LYOYD E. EASTMAN's book, *Seeds of Destruction: China in War and Revolution, 1937-1949* (1984), has been published in Beijing in Chinese translation. Eastman in turn translated an article by Cai Dejin about Chiang Kai-shek from the Chinese for the April 1989 issue of *Republican China*. His review article, "State Building and the Revolutionary Transformation of Rural Society in North China," appeared in the April 1990 issue of *Modern China* and two book reviews were contributed to the *China Quarterly*. He presented a paper to the "Four Anniversaries China Conference" (Annapolis MD, Sept. 1989) and appeared as a panelist at the Historical Society for 20th Century China (Chicago, April 1990). In July 1989 in Beijing, China, he presented two lectures in Chinese, one at Nanjing University, the other at the Academy of Social Sciences. His professional activities include the editorial board of *Republican China*, membership on the ACLS-SSRC Committee on Scholarly Cooperation with the Academia Sinica, and service as consultant on documentary films about China. At the University of Illinois he served as Acting Director of Graduate Studies and as member of the department executive committee. Pacific Lutheran University named him as its Alumnus of the Year for 1989.

PETER FRITZSCHE served as Fellow in the university's Center for Advanced Studies during the spring of 1990. Early in 1990 his book, *Rehearsals for Fascism: Populism and Political Mobilization in Weimar Germany*, was published in New York by the Oxford University Press. He is also the author of "Planes, Pilots, and Patriots: Aviation and German Nationalism" in the *Telaviv Yahrbuch fuer Deutsche Geschichte* 18 (1989) and of "'Airmindedness' and the Authoritarian State" in *Swords and Ploughshares* (October 1989). At a meeting of the German Studies Association in Milwaukee in October 1989 he presented a paper, "Conservative Dissenters and the November 1918 Revolution." In Toronto in April 1990 at a conference of the German Historical Institute devoted to the subject, "Elections, Mass Politics, and Social Change, 1890-1939," he presented another paper, "Weimar Populism and National Socialism." During the year he served—as he continues to do—as one of the department's two advisers for graduate students.

In July 1989 JEFFREY E. HANES spoke in Osaka, Japan (in Japanese) on "An Urban Reformer in the Making: Seki Hajime as Ideologue." In March 1990, at the University of California (Berkeley) Seminar, his topic was "Imagining the City: Visions of the Metropolis in Post-Restoration Japan." Back on campus he served as editor of the weekly Department of History Newsletter, and his name appeared on the campus list of "Excellent Teachers."

In addition to organizing and presenting a paper, "The Foreign Aspects of the Early Stuart Court," to the conference on early seventeenth-century Britain noted elsewhere in *History at Illinois*, CAROLINE M. HIBBARD provided reviews to the *English Historical Review* and the *AHR*. She also gave a guest lecture at the Folger Library in Washington, D.C. She represented the department on the Champaign-Urbana (Faculty) Senate.

KEITH HITCHINS served as associate editor of *Great Historians from Antiquity to 1800*, ed. Lucian Boia (Westport: Greenwood Press, 1989); he also contributed an article on Sharaf-Han Ibn Shamsuddin Bidlisi to the volume. His book on the Rumanians in Transylvania, *The Idea of Nation* (1985) appeared in a German translation. Reviews by him appeared in the *AHR*, the *Journal of Asian Studies*, the *Central Asiatic Journal*, *World Literature Today*, and in two other publications. At a conference sponsored by the ACLS in Dubrovnik, Yugoslavia (June 1989), he gave a paper, "Orthodoxy: Polemics over Ethnicity and Religion in Interwar Rumania." He remains chair of the ACLS Committee on Eastern Europe Between the Wars, a member of the ACLS/SSRC Joint Committee on Eastern Europe, and a member of the editorial board of the *Slavic Review*.

NILS JACOBSEN is the author of two major articles, "Taxation in Early Republican Peru, 1821-1851: Policy Making Between Reform and Tradition" in Reinhard Liehr, ed. *Las economias de los paises bolivarianos en la epoca de la independencia* (Berlin: Colloquium Verlag, 1989) and "Civilization and its Barbarism: The Inevitability of Juan Bustamante's Failure," in William H. Beezley and Judith Ewell, eds., *The Human Tradition in Latin America: the Nineteenth Century* (Wilmington, Delaware: Scholastic Press, 1989). A Spanish version of an earlier article was published in *Revista Andina* (Dec. 1989) as "Comercio Libre, elites regionales y el mercado interior en el sur peruano, 1895-1932." In June 1989 he presented a paper, "Peasant Landtenure in the Peruvian Altiplano" to the History Colloquium of Latin-America Institute of the Free University of Berlin. At the annual meeting of the AHA (San Francisco, Dec. 1989), his topic was "Between the 'Espacio Peruano' and the 'National Internal Market': Trading Regimes in the Southern Peruvian Highlands during the Nineteenth Century." He served as secretary of the Conference on Latin American History's Committee for Andean Studies. During 1989-90 he had an appointment as Visiting Assistant Professor of History at the University of Chicago.

FREDERIC C. JAHER presented a paper, "The Christian Factor in American Anti-Semitism" and served as panel commentator at the June 1989 meeting of the International Society of Political Psychology in Tel Aviv, Israel. Reviews by him appeared in the *JAH*, the *Journal of Social History*, and the *Journal of Interdisciplinary History*.

RONALD JENNINGS gave a paper, "Village Agriculture in Sixteenth Century Cyprus," at the 5th International Congress on the Social and Economic History of Turkey held in August 1989 in Istanbul. He continues to contribute to the publication of the *Turkologischer Anzeiger* (Budapest).

BLAIR B. KLING is the author of "The Tatus and the Tagores" in Tony K. Stewart, ed., *Shaping Bengal's Worlds, Public and Private* (East Lansing: Michigan State University, 1989) and of "Rabindranath's Bonfire," in Bhabatosh Datta, ed., *Rabindranath Tagore in Perspective* (West Bengal: Visva Bharati Press, 1990). At the June 1989 meeting of the International Society for Political Psychology (Tel Aviv, Israel), he spoke on "Gandhi and the Jews: Strategies of Non-Violence," and at a meeting of the Champaign Area Psychological Society in January 1990 his topic was "Gandhi as a Psychotherapist."

DANIEL C. LITTLEFIELD joined the department in January 1990 after a year-and-a-half at the National Humanities Center (Triangle Park, North Carolina) and at the Institute for Southern Studies at the University of South Carolina. He delivered papers at the international conference at Myrtle Beach, South Carolina (sponsored in September 1989 by the Coastal Carolina College) and at Nuernberg, Germany (sponsored in November 1989 by the University of Erlangen); in February 1990 he delivered the 4th annual Warmoth T. Gibbs Lecture at North Carolina A & T University (Greensboro). He is serving on the membership committee of the Southern Historical Association and on the program committee of the AHA. Reviews by him appeared in the *JAH*, the *Journal of Social History*, the *North Carolina Historical Review*, the *Journal of the History of the Early Republic*, and the *Canadian Review of American Studies*.

JOSEPH L. LOVE, whose report from Brazil appears elsewhere in this publication, is the author of three articles and the co-author of a fourth: "Modeling Intercolonialism: History and Prospect," *World Development* (June 1989); "Of Planters, Politics, and Development," *Latin American Research Review* 24 (Fall 1989); "The Origins of Dependency Analysis," *Journal of Latin American Stu-*

dies, 22 (Feb. 1990); and (with Bert Barickman), "Regional Elites," in *Modern Brazil: Elites and Masses in Historical Perspective*, eds. Michael Conniff and Frank McCann (Lincoln: U. of Nebraska Press, 1989). A review by him appeared in the *AHR*. In October 1989 he gave a paper, "Modeling Internal Colonialism in Rumania and Brazil," at the University of Sao Paulo.

JOHN A. LYNN served during 1989-90 as an associate of the University of Illinois Center for Advanced Studies. He is the editor of (and a major contributor to) *The Tools of War: Ideas, Instruments, and Institutions of Warfare, 1445-1871* (Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1990). His "Strange Case of the Maiden Soldier of Picardy" and his "The Sans-Culotte Solution" appeared in the Spring 1990 and Summer 1990 issues respectively of the *Military History Quarterly*. "Towards an Army of Honor: the Moral Evolution of the French Army 1789-1815" appeared in the Spring 1989 issue of *French Historical Studies*. He remains chair of the Midwest Consortium on Military History and Midwest Regional Coordinator of the American Military Institute. In 1990 he was named a contributing editor of *Military History Quarterly*.

ROBERT MCCOLLEY served during 1989-90 on both the department and college executive committees and, during the fall of 1989, also as acting department associate chair. He also served as chair and as commentator at sessions of the 1989 meeting of the Illinois State Historical Society, and he contributed reviews to the *Journal of Southern History*, the *Journal of the Early Republic*, and the *Journal of Interdisciplinary History*. In the course of the year he became a regular reviewer for *Fanfare: the Magazine for Serious Record Collectors*.

JOHN P. MCKAY's essay, "The House of Rothschild (Paris) as a Multinational Industrial Enterprise, 1875-1913" appeared in the new paperback edition of Alice Teichova et al., eds., *Multinational Enterprise in Historical Perspective* (Cambridge U. Press, 1989), as did the sixth paperback printing of his translation of Jules Michélet's *The People* (first published by the University of Illinois Press in 1973). Reviews by him were published in the *Journal of Economic History* (2) and *Choice* (2). In June 1989 he spoke on "The Rothschilds: Ownership Advantages in Multinational Banking" to an international conference at Britain's University of Reading. He also chaired a session at the meeting of the French Historical Association (October, 1989) and gave a guest lecture at Eureka College. He remains a member of the editorial board of the *Business History Review*. His name appeared on the 1989 campus compilation of "Excellent Teachers."

MEGAN MCLAUGHLIN contributed an article, "The Woman Warrior: Gender, Warfare, and Society in Medieval Europe," to *Women's Studies* 17 (1990). She chaired a session at the 25th International Congress on Medieval Studies (Kalamazoo, Michigan in May 1990), and she spoke on "Gender Paradox and the Otherness of God" to the campus Feminist Scholarship Seminar.

EVAN M. MELHADO is the author of "Metzger, Kuhn, and Eighteenth-Century Disciplinary History" in Gad Freudenthal, ed., *Etudes sur Hélène Metzger* (Paris, 1989) as well as of "Towards an Understanding of the Chemical Revolution," in Lowell Hargens et al., eds., *Knowledge and Society: Studies in the Sociology of Science, Past and Present*, vol. 8 (1989). At the 18th International Congress of the History of Science (Hamburg, Germany, August 1989) he read a paper, "Mineralogy and the Autonomy of Chemistry Around 1800." He remains active in numerous interdisciplinary campus programs including the Program on Science, Technology, and Society, and the Medical Scholars Program steering committee.

During 1989-90 SONYA MICHEL held a National Academy of Education Spencer Fellowship and served as a Fellow at Harvard University's Bunting Institute and as a Visiting Scholar at Harvard's Center for European Studies. Reviews by her appeared in *Women's Reviews of Books* (2) and the *Boston Review*. In the course of the year she gave numerous papers: "American Child Care Policy in Comparative Perspective" (U. of Illinois Women and Public Policy Workshop, Sept. 1989); "The Nineteenth-Century Origins of American Child Care Policy" (Radcliffe College, Sept. 1989); "War and the Cultural Construction of Gender" (Stockton State College, New Jersey, Oct. 1989); "Day Nurseries and Early Childhood Education in the Progressive Era" (History of Education Society, Chicago, Oct. 1989); "Why the U.S. Has No Child Care Policy" (Radcliffe College, Dec. 1989); "Wage-Earning Women and Philanthropists in Nineteenth-Century America" (Harvard University, March 1990). At the OAH meeting in Washington D.C. in March 1990 her subject was "The Politics of Childhood: Federal Programs for Children from the WPA through Head Start."

GEOFFREY PARKER has been awarded an honorary degree by the University of Brussels, Belgium, as Doctor of Philosophy and Letters Honoris Causa. His book *Felipe II* (Madrid, 1989) was published (in Spanish) as an Italian edition of *The Military Revolution: Military Innovation and the Rise of the West, 1500-1800* and a Spanish edition of *The Dutch Revolt*. He also provided reviews to the *AHR*, the *Times Literary Supplement*, the *European History Quarterly* (2) and the *Journal of Interdisciplinary History* (2). Volumes on the 13th, the 14th, and two on the 20th century were published in the *Time Life History of the World*, a series for which Professor Parker serves as principal consultant. In the course of the academic year he also gave the keynote address at the 19th Annual Conference of Irish Historians (July 1989), two lectures at the Naval War College (October 1989),

three lectures at Ohio State University (in October 1989 as part of the Illinois/Ohio State exchange program in military history), and another at the Sixteenth Century Studies Conference in Minneapolis (October 1989). In March 1990 he spoke at the Royal Military College (in Kingston, Ontario, Canada) and in April 1990 at the Conference of the Atlantic World meeting in Baltimore.

DAVID PROCHASKA's book, *Making Algeria French: Colonialism in Bone, 1870-1920*, was published in New York by the Cambridge University Press and in Paris by Editions de la Maison des Sciences de l'Homme. In the course of the year he presented a variety of papers: "From Visual Discourse to Colonial Discourse," was his subject at the AHA Convention (San Francisco, December 1989) and "Constructing Colonialism: French Postcards of Algeria," was his topic at the annual meeting of the College Art Association (New York, February, 1990). At the annual meeting of the Conference on Culture and Communication (Philadelphia, Oct. 1989) he spoke on "Anthropology, Photography, and Colonialism: Therese Riviere's Photographs of Colonial Algeria." He also gave lectures at Harvard and at the Universities of Florida, SUNY Stony Brook, and Chicago, as well as at the U of I Unit for Criticism and Interpretive Theory.

JOHN H. PRUETT's name appeared on the university List of Excellent Teachers both during the Spring 1989 and Fall 1989 semesters. He devoted considerable time to planning for a "writing-intensive" version of History 151 (American History to 1877).

DONALD QUELLER remains chair of the Medieval Academy committee on relations with the AHA, and he participated in conferences at Notre Dame University and at the annual meeting, in Vancouver, of the Medieval Academy. Reviews by him appeared in *Speculum* (2) and the *International History Review*.

WINTON SOLBERG is the author of *The Constitutional Convention and the Formation of the Union* (Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1990). He has also been named to the board of editors of the new journal, *Religion in American Culture*. At a joint session of the American Society of Church History and the American Catholic Historical Association (San Francisco, December 1989), he presented a paper, "Catholics at the University of Illinois."

CHARLES STEWART became Associate Chair and department Director of Graduate Studies effective January 1990 even as he remains active in the administration of the campus Center for African Studies and at work on an NEH-sponsored project to microfilm and catalog a large collection of Maureitanian family papers. He is co-author of "Computer-based Arabic Manuscript Management" in *History in Africa* (1989). "A Catalogue of the I.M.R.S. Arabic Manuscript Collection" appeared in *Islam et Societe en Afrique subsaharienne* (1990). He was instrumental in organizing the campus conference on Arab Nationalism held on the U of I campus in November 1989 and described elsewhere in *History at Illinois*. His paper at the conference had the title, "On late Arab nationalism in the Maureitania of the 1980s."

RONALD P. TOBY served as a co-editor of *Great Historians from Antiquity to 1800: An International Dictionary* (Greenwood Press, 1989). An article by him dealing with Late-Ch'ing/Early-Ming requests for Japanese Aid appeared (in Japanese) in *Nihon rekishi*, a leading journal of Japanese history, and an article concerned with iconography of Mt. Fuji appeared (also in Japanese) in another Japanese journal *Chishi to rekishi* (Geography and History). A co-authored article on the "Osaka-Kobe Metropolitan Area" came out in the *Encyclopaedia Britannica* (1989) and reviews by him were published in *Pacific Affairs* and the *Journal of the American Oriental Society*. During 1989-90, under the auspices of a Japan Foundation Fellowship, he served as Visiting Research Scholar at both Tokyo University's Historical Institute and at the Institute for Contemporary Political Economy of Waseda University. While in Japan he presented numerous papers, both in English and in Japanese, on subjects ranging from "Economic Globalism: Implications of the Japanese Historical Experience" to "Views of Foreign Lands and Notions of Other in Edo-period Popular Culture."

BENJAMIN UROFF is president of the Early Slavic Studies Association (1989-91). He also served as organizer of the Second Annual Workshop on Early Russian History (June 1989). In April 1990 he chaired a panel on Muscovite History at the Midwest Slavic Conference.

ANDREW VERNER is the author of *The Crisis of Russian Aristocracy: Nicholas II and the 1905 Revolution* (Princeton University Press, 1990). The immediate role of the tsar was neglected by earlier historians, and, in the words of the *Times Literary Supplement* (London), Verner's book "is the most penetrating analysis yet attempted and achieves the unlikely feat of actually making the man interesting." Andrew Verner's report on his semester in the Soviet Union appears elsewhere in *History at Illinois*.

WILLIAM C. WIDENOR remains a member of the executive committee of the Society for the Study of Internationalism. In June 1989 he served as commentator at a session on "Internationalism Since 1919" sponsored by the Society for Historians of American Foreign Relations and in December 1989 he chaired an AHA session in San Francisco devoted to "Republican Perspectives on the League of Nations."

AMONG OUR EMERITI

JOHN DAHL reports that retirement "has both advantages and disadvantages. Among the former are no committee meetings, leisure time to read, relax, and travel, and best of all being able to spend the coldest part of the winter in Florida . . . One of the major disadvantages is having to play golf in August and September in heat and humidity while active colleagues teach in air-conditioned classrooms. Alas, someone has to do it."

RALPH FISHER held an appointment as Distinguished Visiting Professor of History at Arizona State University during the spring of 1990. He also served as lecturer on two tours sponsored by the U of I Alumni Association, one to East-Central Europe in July 1989 and one to the Soviet Union in June 1990. In addition he remains active as chairman of the Committee on the Coalition for Foreign Language and International Studies of the American Association for the Advancement of Slav-ic Studies. He has also served as head of that association's nominating committee and of the search committee for a new editor of the *Slavic Review*. He chaired paper sessions at both the AAASS Convention (1989) and at the IV World Congress for Soviet and East European Studies (at Harrogate, England, in July 1990), and he served as commentator at a University of Pennsylvania Conference on "The Great Reforms in Russian History" (May 1989). He remains a member of the editorial board of the *Russian Review*, and he contributed reviews both to that publication and to the *AHR*.

FROM OUR PH.D.'S

1941 JAMES HARVEY YOUNG, Candler Professor Emeritus of American Social History at Emory University, is the author of *Pure Food: Securing the Federal Food and Drugs Act to 1906* (Princeton University Press, 1989).

1943 LEROY H. FISHER, Oppenheim Professor Emeritus at Oklahoma State University, was the recipient of the Distinguished Service Award for the Preservation of State and Local History from the Oklahoma Heritage Association. He continues to serve as a member of the Board of Directors of the Oklahoma Historical Society and as President of the Stillwater Museum Association.

1946 DAVID HERBERT DONALD is Charles Warren Professor of American History and Professor of American Civilization at Harvard University. In January 1990 in the White House at the invitation of President and Mrs. George Bush he delivered the inaugural lecture of a series to be known as "Presidential Lectures on the Presidency." His title: "At Home in the White House: Abraham Lincoln and his Family in Washington." He has received an NEH grant to assist with the preparation of a new biography of Abraham Lincoln. In April 1990, at the annual meeting of the Organization of American Historians in Washington, D.C. he spoke to a large group of alumni and faculty members at a University of Illinois Breakfast.

1947 IRVING F. AHLQUIST, Professor of History Emeritus at the California State University at Long Beach, retired in 1989 after teaching there for forty years, the only original member of the Long Beach faculty to have served so long. A scholarship has been established in his honor.

1948 ANN BECK, Professor of History Emerita at the University of Hartford, is at work on a reevaluation of the history of Kenya and Zimbabwe during the past decade.

1949 PAUL HUBBARD, a one-time doctoral advisee of James Garfield Randall, retired in June 1990 after a long career at Arizona State University in the course of which he witnessed the expansion of the History Department there from three members to forty-six.

RICHARD E. SULLIVAN, Professor of History Emeritus at Michigan State University, is the co-author of the 7th edition of *A Short History of Western Civilization* (New York, 1990) as well as of "The Carolingian Age: Reflections on its Place in the History of the Middle Ages," in *Speculum* 64 (1989) and "The Medieval Church and the Patronage of Art" in the *Centennial Review* 32 (1989). He also gave a paper at a conference at the Ohio State University organized by the Center for Medieval and Renaissance Studies, and he served as consultant at both Eastern Kentucky State University and Cleveland State University.

1952 DONALD F. TINGLEY, Professor of History Emeritus at Eastern Illinois University, contributed "Women in the New Deal" to Amy Howard Brophy, ed., *Handbook of American Women's History* (1990).

1954 GEORGE H. LOBBELL, Professor of History Emeritus at Ohio University, is the author of a reexamination of Pearl Harbor, "Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox and Chief of Naval Operations Admiral Harold R. Stark: Culprits or Scapegoats?" It was published in W. B. Cogar, ed., *New Interpretations in Naval History: Selected Papers from the Eighth Naval History Symposium* (Annapolis: Naval Institute Press, 1989).

Dans La Nation Francaise" at the University of Paris (May 1989); "The Peopling in 1789" at the Newberry Library, Chicago (April 1989). In July 1989, he also organized a commemoration of the revolution in Eugene, Oregon.

1962 RALPH D. GRAY, Professor of History at Indiana University (Indianapolis) and editor of the *Journal of the Early Republic*, was the recipient of the George Pinnell Outstanding Service Award from Indiana University at Bloomington on Founders Day in April 1990. His numerous professional preoccupations include membership on the editorial board of *Traces of Indiana and Midwestern History* and on the Board of Directors of the Conference on Historical Journals.

ARVAH E. STRICKLAND, Associate Vice-President for Academic Affairs at the University of Missouri (Columbia), edited and introduced *Working with Carter G. Woodson, the Father of Black History: A Diary 1928-1930* by Lorenzo J. Greene (Baton Rouge: L.S.U. Press, 1989). He was elected to a three-year term on the Nominating Committee of the AHA and reelected to a three-year term on the Board of Directors of the Truman Library Institute. He delivered a paper at the Library of Congress during Black History Month.

JOSEPH F. ZACEK, Professor of History at SUNY-Albany, contributed a paper on "Contemporary Popular Sentiment in the Czech Lands Toward the French Revolution and Napoleon" to a French Revolution Colloquium at Florida State University sponsored in September 1989 by the Consortium on Revolutionary Europe. In October 1989 he addressed a conference in Sofia, Bulgaria, on "Myths in Czech History and Historiography," and in May 1990 he gave another paper, "The Second Czechoslovak Republic: Societal Change in Political Crisis" to a conference at Siena College (New York) devoted to "World War II: 1940 - A Fifty-Year Perspective." He attended as Associate the 1989 U of I Summer Research Laboratory on Russia and Eastern Europe, and for the fifth successive year he has been appointed a Fellow of Harvard University's Russian Research Center. He was listed in the 1989-90 edition of *Who's Who in America*.

1963 GEORGE PILCHER, Professor of History at Ball State University, contributed "Ebenezer Hazard and the Promotion of Historical Scholarship in the Early Republic" to *Pennsylvania History* (January 1989). In October 1989 he spoke on "Millennial Fantasy as Precursor to the American Revolution" to a meeting of the Indiana Association for the Social Studies. He has also been elected to the national Council of Phi Alpha Theta.

1966 LEON E. BOOTHE, President of Northern Kentucky University, served as keynote panelist at the Wingspread Conference on International Exchange Programs (Racine, Wisconsin; May 1989); his topic was "Looking to the Future of International Education and Cultural Exchange." At the Sixth Biennial Congress of the Inter-American Organization for Higher Education (Ottawa, Canada; October 1989), he spoke on "The American Contribution to Human Resource Development in Latin America." In the course of the year he received the 1989 Alumni Achievement Award from the University of Missouri Columbia, and he was named by *Cincinnati Magazine* (February 1990) as one of four outstanding leaders in education in the Greater Cincinnati area; he was the sole university president cited. He was elected Chair of the Greater Cincinnati Consortium of Colleges and Universities and reelected Chair of the Committee on International Programs for the American Association of State Colleges and Universities. He was also appointed member of the Kentucky Bicentennial Committee.

CHARLES H. CLARK, has been promoted to the rank of Senior Professor-History at Harrisburg Area Community College. In January 1990 he taught a course in the history of England for the Consortium of International Studies in London and Southern England.

THOMAS B. RAINEY, Professor of History and Russian Studies at the Evergreen State College (Olympia, Washington), has given numerous papers and slide shows devoted to Soviet environmental policy, history, and education. He is planning to lead a student-faculty group to the Soviet Union's Kama-Volga nature preserve.

1967 LLOYD E. AMBROSIOUS, Professor of History and Acting Chair (1990-91) at the University of Nebraska, is the editor of *A Crisis of Republicanism: American Politics During the Civil War Era* (University of Nebraska Press, 1990). The Cambridge University Press has issued a paperback edition of his earlier book, *Woodrow Wilson and the American Diplomatic Tradition*. In November 1989 he gave the convocation lecture at the University of Indianapolis.

JAMES N. FORSE, Associate Professor of History at Bowling Green University, contributed "Politics and Playwriting in Elizabethan England" to *Selected Papers, Shakespeare and Renaissance Association*, 14 (1990). His year was also filled with the delivery of a number of papers: "Fourteenth-Century Crusade Propagandists" at the Duquesne History Forum (Fall 1989); "You've

EARL A. REITAN has formally retired, effective September 1990, as Professor of History at Illinois State University. He has completed thirty-six years of service at that institution, and at a department dinner in his honor, he reflected on "The Making of an Historian" and recalled his association with three of his University of Illinois mentors, Frederick Dietz, J. Ward Swain, and William Bouwsma. As Faculty Fellow at Illinois State he expects to continue to teach for one semester each year.

1955 CHARLES G. NAUERT Jr., Professor of History at the University of Missouri at Columbia, has been elected president and program chairman of the Central Renaissance Conference for 1991. At the annual meeting of the Renaissance Society of America, which took place in Toronto in April 1990, he spoke on "Humanist Infiltration into the Academic World: Some Studies of Northern Universities."

1956 WAYNE C. TEMPLE is Chief Deputy Director of the Illinois State Archives, an institution with which he has now been associated for more than twenty-five years. He is the author of *Alfred Henry Piquemard: Architect* (1990), a brief study of the designer of the (current) state capitol building in Springfield. His numerous other activities have included lectures at Illinois Benedictine College and Lincoln Land Community College as well as articles on newly discovered Lincoln documents contributed to the Spring 1989 and Summer 1989 issues of the *Lincoln Herald*.

1957 ROBERT H. JONES is now Professor of History Emeritus at the University of Akron. He continues to reside in the city of Akron.

GUY H. STEWART retired in June 1989 after twenty years as Dean of the Perley Isaac Reed School of Journalism of West Virginia University and now holds the title of Dean and Professor Emeritus. He was responsible for raising approximately \$2 million in endowments for his school, and on his retirement the school's fund was named the Guy H. Stewart Journalism Endowment Fund.

DONALD H. WHITNAH is Professor of History and during 1989-90 served as Acting Dean of the College of Social and Behavioral Sciences at the University of Northern Iowa. He contributed articles on "Aviation" and "Aviation" to the *Harry S. Truman Encyclopedia* (1989) edited by R. S. Kirkendall as well as "Faculty Evaluation at Northern Iowa" to the October 1989 issue of the Newsletter published by the OAH Council of Chairs. He received his university's Distinguished Scholar Award for 1990-91, and he is currently on research leave.

1958 GUNTHER E. ROTHENBERG is Professor of History at Purdue University. One article, "The Austro-Hungarian Campaign Against Serbia in 1914" appeared in the *Journal of Military History* 53 (1989) and another, "Soldiers and the Revolution: The French Army, Society, and the State, 1788-99" was published in the *Historical Journal* 32 (1989).

NATHAN SMITH, Professor of History at Washington College (Maryland), has been the beneficiary of *perestroika* in that his publications on Russian Freemasonry have been much debated of late by Soviet historians in journals like *Voprosy istorii* (No. 10, 1988 and No. 6, 1989) and *Rodina* (September, 1989) as well as on Moscow television.

1959 DAVID A. WAAS, Professor of History at Manchester College (Indiana), was in 1989 chosen as President of the Indiana Academy of Social Science.

1960 ROBERT W. HEYWOOD, Professor of History at the University of Michigan at Flint, is the author of a new book, *European Community Idea and Reality*. (Lewiston, NY & Queenston, Ontario: Edward Meilen Press, 1990).

JACQUES R. GOUTOR, Professor of History at the King's College (London, Ontario), contributed "The Enduring Impact of the French Revolution" to the 8 July 1989 issue of the *London Free Press*. During the fall of 1989 he delivered two lectures on the same subject to the University of Western Ontario. During the current academic year he is on sabbatical leave.

WILDA H. SMITH, Professor of History Emerita at Fort Hays State University, and her co-author, ELEANOR A. BOGART (M.S. in Library Science, U of I, 1959), have written the biography of Peggy Hull, the first woman journalist to be accredited by the United States government as a war correspondent. The manuscript won the 1989 C. L. Sonnichsen Award and has been published as *The Wars of Peggy Hull: The Life and Times of a War Correspondent* (El Paso: Texas Western Press, 1990).

1961 RAYMOND BIRN, Professor of History at the University of Oregon, delivered numerous papers in the course of the past year: "Marketing Encyclopedias in the Eighteenth Century" to a UCLA Conference Commemorating the Bicentennial of the French Revolution (November, 1989); "Reinventing Le Peuple in 1789," at the AHA Convention (December, 1989); "Dis-cours Pre-Revolutionnaire sur la Place et l'Utilite des Classes Populaires

Read the Book — Now See the Play — Shakespeare and the Book Trade" at the Ohio Academy of History (Spring 1990). "What was Shakespeare's Primary Occupation?" at the Shakespeare and Renaissance Association of West Virginia (Spring 1990); and "Latin Christianity and Western European Cultural Identity" at the Michigan Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters (Spring 1990).

JERRY RODNITZKY, Professor of History at the University of Texas at Arlington, provided "The Mythology of Woodie Guthrie" and "The Evolution of the American Protest Song" to *American Popular Music: The Age of Rock* (Bowling Green State University Press, 1989). At the American Culture Association meeting (Toronto, March 1990) he spoke on "The First Picture Show: The Experience of Cinema in a 1920's West Texan Boomtown."

JOHN SCARBOROUGH, Professor of the History of Pharmacy & Medicine and Professor of Classics at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, has been named a Fellow of the University of Wisconsin Institute for Humanities for 1990. His recent publications include "Pharmaceutical Theory in Galen's *Commentaries*" in G. Baader & R. Winau, eds., *Die hippokratischen Epidemien: Theorie-Praxis-Tradition* (Stuttgart: Franz Steiner Verlag, 1990) and reviews in *Pharmacy in History* 32 (1990) involving "Medicine and Pharmacy in Ancient Egypt," "Pliny and Pharmacy," "Words and Cures," "Ancient Perfumery," and "A New Work of Galen in Arabic." He also published reviews in *The Times* (London), the *Times Literary Supplement* (2), and *Isis* as well as ten biographical articles in the 1990 edition of the *World Book Encyclopedia*. In the course of the year he also gave guest lectures at the University of Texas at Austin, at the University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas, and at the University of Manitoba.

CULLOM DAVIS, Professor of History and Director of Lincoln Legal Papers at Sangamon State University, spoke to the International Conference on Abraham Lincoln (Taipei, Taiwan, November 1989) on "Lincoln the Lawyer." He has managed to secure grants from both NEH and the National Historical Publication of Records Commission to help support the Lincoln Legal Papers project.

1969

ROY A. AUSTENSEN, Associate Vice President for Instruction at Illinois State University, spoke to the Consortium on Revolutionary Europe (Tallahassee, Florida, Sept. 1989) on "After Sixty Years of Revolution: Metternich's Reflections on France" and to the AHA (San Francisco, Dec. 1989) on "Alexander von Huebner: Chronicle of the Austrian Counter-Revolution, 1848-1849." Reviews by him appeared in the *Journal of Modern History* and *East Central Europe*, and he continues to serve as chair of the Awards Committee of the Illinois State Historical Society.

JOHN T. HUBBELL, Professor of History at Kent State University and Director of the Kent State University Press, gave the 1990 R. Gerald McMurry Lecture at the Louis A. Warren Lincoln Library and Museum (Fort Wayne, Indiana). His topic was "War and Freedom and Abraham Lincoln."

1970

ROGER D. BRIDGES has served since 1988 as director of the Rutherford B. Hayes Presidential Center. As executive editor of the *Hayes Historical Journal*, he is looking for articles dealing with any aspect of the Gilded Age and Progressive Eras (1865-1917). During this past year he was also named Secretary-Treasurer of the Society for Historians of the Gilded Age and Progressive Eras.

WILLIAM GRAEBNER, Professor of History at SUNY-Fredonia, spent the last six months of 1989 with his wife and children on sabbatical leave in Bologna, Italy. He is the author of *Coming of Age in Buffalo: Youth and Authority in the Postwar Era* (Temple University Press, 1990). He delivered a paper, "Templation to Fascism in the Postwar Era: An Interpretation of Eero Saarinen's 1948 St. Louis Arch," at the convention of the Mid-America American Studies Association in St. Louis in April 1990.

RONALD M. JOHNSON, Professor of History at Georgetown University, was reappointed Director of American Studies there in August 1989. He contributed "Black and White Apart: The Community Center in Washington, D.C., 1915-1930," to James K. Flack, ed., *Records of the Columbia Historical Society*, Vol. 52 (U. of Virginia Press, 1989). At a meeting of the Scandinavian American Studies Association (in Tampere, Finland, in May 1989), he gave a paper, "Edward Bellamy and Mark Twain: Contrasting Responses to Victorian America." He has become a member of the editorial board of *Washington History*, a semi-annual journal of the Historical Society of Washington, D.C.

DONALD E. SHEPARDSON, Professor of History at the University of Northern Iowa, received a grant from the United States Army to attend a workshop in military history at West Point in June of 1989.

1971

DAVID HOEVELER, Professor of History at the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, assumed in September 1989 the burdens of department chair.

His article, "American Intellectual Conservatism: Is There a Usable Past?" appeared in the *Intellectual History Newsletter*, 11 (1989).

JOHN D. KRUEGLER, Associate Professor of History and Associate Chair at Marquette University, contributed "Stepping Outside the Classroom: History and the Outdoor Museum," to the *Journal of American Culture* 12 (Summer 1989). At the meeting of the Historians of the Early American Republic in July 1989, his topic was "Research and Interpretation: An Academic Perspective." In June 1990, at a conference devoted to the history of Virginia Plantations, 1750-1820, he spoke on "Research at Outdoor Museums Teaching American History to 1830: Is it Scholarship?" During the second semester of 1988-89 he served as Visiting Associate Professor of History at the College of William and Mary and as Visiting Editor of the *William and Mary Quarterly*.

1972

JOHN H. CORDULACK, Professor of History and director of the Honors Opportunities Program at Richland Community College (Decatur, Illinois) was named Richland's "Teacher of the Year" for 1988-89.

DONALD HICKEY, Professor of History at Wayne State College (Nebraska), has every reason to take pride in the publication of his first book, *The War of 1812: A Forgotten Conflict* (Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1989). It has been adopted as a monthly selection by both the Book-of-the-Month Club and the History Book Club. Recorded Books, Inc. is preparing a cassette edition. The publication of a second book is expected in 1991. Donald Hickey's other specialty has become that of portraying Alexander Hamilton in a one-person program based on Hamilton's writings; his audiences have included the Nebraska State Legislature, the Nebraska Humanities Council, and the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges. During the summer, under the sponsorship of the Great Plains Chautauqua Society, he took the program on a five-state tour.

SALLY GREGORY KOHLSTEDT is Professor in the History of Science and Technology Program, with graduate appointments in History and American Studies, at the University of Minnesota in Minneapolis. She is also Associate Dean in the Institute of Technology. She contributed "Museums on Campus: A Tradition of Inquiry and Teaching" to *The Development of American Biology*, ed. by Keith Benson, Jane Maitenschein, & Ronald Rainger (Philadelphia, 1988). With Australian colleague R. W. Home, she coordinated a conference on "Nationalism and Internationalism in Science: Australia, America, and the World of Science" in Melbourne in 1988. As Visiting Lecturer for the History of Science Society, she lectured at St. Joseph College, Washington State University, and other institutions, and she has recently been elected as Vice-President and President-elect of the History of Science Society, 1990-1993. In March of 1990 she lectured at the Institute for the History of Science and Technology and at the Academy of Sciences in Moscow and Leningrad as part of a delegation to strengthen international contacts in that field.

PAUL E. KOPPERMAN, Professor of History at Oregon State University, is the author of *Sir Robert Heath, 1574-1649: Window on an Age* (London, 1989), a volume in the "Studies in History" series published by the Royal Historical Society.

1973

THOMAS P. SCHLUNZ, Associate Professor of History at the University of New Orleans, spoke to the Charles Homer Haskins Society in Houston in November 1989 on "Archbishop Rotrou of Rouen and the Becket Controversy."

1974

JAMES SCHMIECHEN, Professor of History at Central Michigan University, is the author of "The Victorians, the Historians, and the Idea of Modernism" in the April 1988 issue of the *American Historical Review* and of "Reconsidering the Factory, Art-Labor, and the Schools of Design" in *Design Issues* (Spring 1990). For the academic year 1990-91 he has been appointed to a University Research Professorship in order to pursue his interest in what is likely to become a two-volume work on the history of British markets, 1750-1945.

1975

RONALD C. BROWN, Professor of History and Director of the Honors Programs at the Southwest Texas State University (San Marcos), has been granted developmental leave during the Spring of 1991 in order to work on a biography of Daniel C. Jackling, the copper mine architect.

HARRY A. BUTOWSKY, Historian with the National Park Service, is the author of *Astronomy and Astrophysics: a National Historic Landmark Theme Study*. (Washington, D.C., 1989) and also of two articles in the *Cultural Resources Management Bulletin*. Volume 12 features "The Designation of Technological Facilities as National Historic Landmarks — A Report," and Volume 13 includes "Geology National Historic Landmark Theme Study." He gave a paper at the 1989 conference of the Historic Naval Ships Association of North America in Wilmington, North Carolina, and he was elected to that organization's executive board. He was instrumental in hav-

ing the observatory on the University of Illinois campus declared a National Historic Landmark, and he served as keynote speaker at landmark dedications in Gaithersburg, Maryland, and Holmdel, New Jersey. At the University of Maryland in June 1990, he gave the breakfast address to the History Day Honors group from the State of Illinois. He continues to teach part-time at George Mason University, and a part of the final class session was filmed and shown on ABC Evening News on May 18, 1990.

PARKS COBLE was promoted, effective August 1990, to the rank of Professor of History at the University of Nebraska. He spent part of the spring semester of 1990 in China; while there he presented a paper to the Shanghai Economic History Study Group. His book on relations between China and Japan during the 1931-1937 era has been accepted for publication by the Harvard University Press.

JOHN D. KLIER, after many years at Fort Hays University (Kansas), where in 1989 he received the "Pilot Award" as outstanding teacher, has been offered and — effective January 1990 — has taken up the post of Corub Lecturer in Modern Jewish History at University College, the largest of the constituent colleges that make up the University of London. During the fall semester of 1989 he had held a fellowship at the Annenberg Center for Judaic and Near Eastern Studies in Philadelphia. His article, "German Antisemitism and Russian Judeophobia in the 1880s: Brothers and Strangers" appeared in the *Jahrbuch fuer Geschichte Osteuropas* 37, 4 (1989). He gave papers at both the 1989 meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Slavic Studies and in London at the 1990 Conference on Jews in Russia and the Soviet Union.

1976

CHRISTINE HOLDEN, Assistant Professor of History at the University of Southern Maine, contributed articles on "Aeroflot" and "The Soviet Aircraft Industry" to the *Modern Encyclopedia of Russia and the Soviet Union* (1990) as well as book reviews to *Belkan* and to *This Month in Maine Literature*. She presented papers on George Tate and Russian Naval Squadrons during the Napoleonic War era both to the Northeast Society for Eighteenth-Century Studies (Worcester, Massachusetts, October 1989) and to the Westerm Society for Eighteenth-Century Studies (Colorado Springs, February 1990). She remains closely involved with academic exchanges that the University of Southern Maine is conducting with two Soviet institutions, Khar'kov State University and the Archangel Pedagogical Institute.

PHILIP VANDERMEER, Associate Professor of History at Arizona State University, is the author of "Political Crisis and Third Parties: the Gold Democrats of Michigan," in the *Michigan Historical Review* 15 (Fall 1988). In April 1990, at the Great Lakes History Conference, he presented a paper entitled "Lawyers, Social Theory, and the Impact of Industrialization: the Case of Wesley William Hyde." Since 1985 he has served as the convener of the Political History Network of the Social Science History Association.

THEODORE WACHS, who earlier in the 1980s was employed for eight years as a teacher of history and as the director of the high school division of a private school located near Bern, Switzerland, received an appointment several years ago from the University of Bern as editor and translator for English-language publications.

1979

As of August 1990, JEFFREY P. BROWN has been promoted to the rank of Associate Professor of History with tenure at New Mexico State University at Las Cruces. He also serves his department as Director of the Public History Program and as Graduate Advisor. He is the co-author (with Andrew Wiget and Colleen O'Neill) of the *Oral History Collections Catalog for New Mexico* as well as of ten recent book reviews. At the meeting of the Society for Historians of the Early American Republic, he presented a paper, "Governance in Two Frontiers: Winthrop Sargent, the Northwest Territory, and the Mississippi Territory." He and his wife also report the arrival of their second child, Ira Joseph Brown.

1980

JIM FARRELL, Associate Professor of History and Director of American Studies at St. Olaf College (Northfield, Minnesota), contributed "Nuclear Friezes: Art and the Bomb from Hiroshima to Three Mile Island" to *Art and Culture*, 20:1.

STEPHEN G. FRITZ has been promoted to the rank of Associate Professor of History at East Tennessee State University. He contributed an article to the *History Teacher*, "Was the Holocaust Unique? Reflections on the German Historikerstreit," and reviews to the *Yearbook of German-American Studies* and the *German Studies Review*. At the Ohio Valley Conference his topic was "Was the Holocaust Unique?" and at conferences at East Tennessee State University he spoke on "The German Question Then and Now" and "Problems of German Unification."

1982

LYNNE COURTER BOUGHTON, a member of the faculty of DePaul University (Chicago), is the author of "From Pious Legend to Feminist Fantasy: Distinguishing Hagiographical License from Apostolic Practice," in the

Journal of Religion (July 1991). She also contributed "Scripture Scholarship and the Non-Specialist" to *Sunday Visitor* (March 1990).

DOUGLAS W. CARLSON, Associate Professor of History at the King's College (Briarcliff Manor, New York), has moved, effective August 1990, to Northwestern College (Orange City, Iowa). He contributed an article, "Discovering Their Heritage: Women and the American Past," to *Gender Matters*, ed. June Steffensen Hagen (Zondervan Publishing House, 1990), as well as six articles to the *Dictionary of Christianity in America*, ed. Daniel Reid (InterVarsity Press, 1989). At the annual meeting of the Society for the History of the Early American Republic in July 1990 he presented a paper, "The Ideology of Southern Temperance."

STEPHEN SHAFER is Assistant Dean and Pre-Law Advisor at the College of Liberal Arts and Sciences of the University of Illinois. He retains a strong interest in the history of film, and he reviewed a recent book, *Fiction, Film, and Faulkner*, for the *Georgia Historical Quarterly*. (Winter 1989).

1983

JOHN MARSHALL CARTER is Assistant Professor of History at the University of North Carolina at Greensboro. The Summer 1990 issue of *Illinois Quarterly* devotes an illustrated article to Carter as "Captain Proofreader," the innovative teacher who is prepared to use the most colorful forms of classroom showmanship in order to teach the habits of good writing to his own students, many of whom are training to become elementary school teachers.

In May 1990 JAMES A. FILKINS was awarded the M.D. degree by the Southern Illinois University School of Medicine with honors in Psychiatry.

1984

After several years at Millersville State University (Pennsylvania), HELEN S. HUNDLEY has been appointed Assistant Professor of History at Wichita State University. She has also been chosen President of the Rocky Mountain Slavic Conference for 1990-91. At the April 1990 meeting of that conference, she spoke on "Bakunin's Escape from Siberia." In July 1990, at a meeting of the World Slavic Conference in Harrogate (England), her topic was "Bakunin in Siberia."

1985

RICHARD FRANCIS SPALL, JR. is Associate Professor of History at Ohio Wesleyan University. His article, "Free Trade, Foreign Relations, and the Anti-Corn Law League," appeared in the August 1988 issue of the *International History Review*. During the spring of 1990 he served as acting department chair.

1986

ABDUSAMAD H. AHMAD has been promoted to the rank of Associate Professor of History at Addis Ababa University, Ethiopia. He is the author of several articles. "Dartira, Bagemdir: An Historic Town and Its Muslim Population" appeared in the *International Journal of African Historical Studies*, 22:3 (1989). "Ethiopian Slave Exports at Matamma, Massawa and Tadjura, c. 1830-1885" was published in G. Clarence Smith, ed., *The Economics of the Indian Ocean Slave Trade in the Nineteenth Century* (London: Frank Cass, 1989), and "The Gondar Muslim Minority in Ethiopia: the Story up to 1935" appeared in the *Journal of the Institute of Muslim Minority Affairs*, 9:1 (1988). "Hunting in Gojjam: The Case of Matakab, 1901-1932," appeared in Taddese Beyene, ed., *Proceedings of the Eighth International Conference of Ethiopian Studies*, Vol. 1 (Frankfurt am Main and Huntingdon, 1988), and "Baso: A Commercial Entrepot of Gojjam: 1841-1889" was published in *Proceedings of the Fourth Seminar of the Department of History of Addis Ababa University* (1989).

1988

THOMAS TEMPLETON TAYLOR is Assistant Professor of History at Wittenberg University (Ohio). He contributed "The Domesticity of Friends" to *Reviews in American History* and nine entries to Daniel G. Reid et al., eds., *Dictionary of Christianity in America* (Downers Grove, IL: InterVarsity Press, 1990). At a conference on "Muslims and Christians: Common Themes, Distinctive Identities" in Columbus, Ohio (March 1990), he gave a paper, "Christians as a Majority in the United States."

FRANK WALLIS has been appointed Assistant Professor of History at Missouri Valley University.

1989

SHAMSUL HUDDA is Assistant Professor of History at Xavier University (Louisiana). He has received a Bush-Hewlett Grant to develop a course on Gandhi and Martin Luther King, and he has been invited to participate in a Liberty Fund Colloquium on "Liberty and Moral Development."

ROBERT L. SPUDE is located in Denver as Chief, National Preservations Programs, Rocky Mountain Region, National Parks Program. In the course of the past year his office allotted more than \$7 million to assist private individuals and state agencies in a sixteen-state area to identify, preserve, and describe historic properties. His article, "Shadow Catchers: A Portrait of Arizona's Pioneer Photographers, 1863-1893," appeared in the *Journal of Arizona History* (Autumn 1989). He also contributed an introduction and two articles to *Proceedings of the Historic Mining Conference, January 1989, Death Valley National Monument, California* (National Park Service, 1990) and

"Native Americans and Gold Rushes" to Klaus Tenfelde, ed., *Proceedings of the International Mining History Congress, Bochum* (Bochum, Germany, in press). A Horace Albright Fund award made possible his presence at the last-named conference. In addition he published three reviews and gave papers at the Western History Association meeting (Tacoma, 1989), the Conference on Historic Mining Frontiers (Reno, 1990), and the Pacific Coast Branch of the AHA (Salt Lake City, 1990).

AN INVITATION

Until two years ago, the circulation of HISTORY AT ILLINOIS was limited primarily to our doctoral alumni. Copies were also distributed on campus and sent to the heads of numerous other History Departments around the country. The decision to include on our circulation list former undergraduate History majors and persons who earned the M.A. in History at Urbana-Champaign has encouraged the department to add a new section to this annual publication. If you received a B.A. or an M.A. in History from the University of Illinois and would like to share with your fellow alumni and former teachers news of your activities since graduation, please write a letter by June 1, 1991 to

Editor, *History at Illinois*
Department of History
309, Gregory Hall, 810 S. Wright St.
Urbana IL 61801

Indicate the degree and the year of graduation, and then go on — in paragraph form — to mention any subsequent education you received, your major activities and accomplishments since graduation, and your current position and location. We hope to print news about numerous B.A. and M.A. recipients in next year's issue. In the meantime here is a sampling of such news that, by chance rather than by design, has reached the editor's desk.

FROM OUR B.A.S

- 1955** B. KENNETH WEST, chairman and chief executive officer of the Harris Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, received a 1990 University of Illinois Alumni Achievement Award. West, who graduated with "highest honors in history" before going on to earn an M.B.A. degree at the University of Chicago, has served for many years as a Chicago civic leader. He is a member and past president of the University of Chicago Board of Trustees as well as vice-president of the U. of I. Foundation
- 1957** CHARLES INGLETT and his wife Nancy, also a University of Illinois graduate, live in Upland, California. For twenty-six years he served as the manager of branches of the First Interstate Bank. Earlier this year, four months after taking early retirement, he was appointed Vice-President and Manager of the Covina Regional Office of Empire Bank.
- 1963** JANET RONEY and her husband operate a farm near Sullivan, Illinois. In recent years she has become a skilled water-color painter, and her scenes of Amish life have won numerous prizes as well as decorating the new Clarion Inn Resort at Eagle Creek State Park.
- 1967** KAREN K. MILLER, a new member of the LAS Alumni Board, served as a high school teacher for ten years after graduation. She now owns her own real estate company in Urbana.
- 1968** SUSAN ELIZABETH RAMIREZ went on to earn M.A. and Ph.D. degrees at the University of Wisconsin-Madison. Her publications include *Provincial Patriarchs: Land Tenure and the Economics of Power in Colonial Peru* (1986), and she is now Professor of History at DePaul University (Chicago). Late in 1990 she was elected a member of the AHA Committee on Committees.
- EDIE STOTTLER, a new member of the University of Illinois LAS Alumni board, is a partner of the Stotler Grain Company of Champaign. Until early this year she was a Vice President of the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce in Chicago. "In twenty years in the banking business," she reports, "everyone I hired except one person had an LAS undergraduate degree. They are the ones best able to converse and to relate to what is going on in the world."
- 1969** DAVID DECHEENNE went on to receive M.A. degrees in both History and Political Science from Sangamon State University. He is currently completing a doctorate at Illinois State University. At Nokomis High School he holds the position of American History and Social Studies teacher. At the most recent meeting of the Institute of History and Social Studies at Illinois State University he presented a model educational packet for teaching labor history in a high school setting.

1972

MARILYN HUMPHREVILLE BORJA went on to earn an M.S. in Library Science degree from the University of Illinois in 1973. After ten years with the Chicago Public Library system, she became in 1984 the head of the Elmhurst, Illinois, library. There she administers a \$1.7 million annual budget and supervises a staff of 78. She also serves as one of three public library representatives on the Illinois State Library Advisory Committee.

1975

CHERYL L. STEIN was appointed last year by U.S. Equities Realty Inc. of Chicago as a real estate professional. She returned to Chicago from Boca Raton, Florida, where she had served as Executive Vice President of the Starnes Development Group.

1980

Captain BRIAN R. BLAIR, a native of Colfax, Illinois, who has been a member of the United States Marine Corps since 1977, completed the Amphibious Warfare Extension Course during the summer of 1989.

1981

MARK (NIKCEVICH) MCCARTHY is selling foreclosed residential real estate in Chicago. After serving as a trade journal editor for several years, he entered the foreclosure industry and found his educational background to be quite useful. "Many a jittery buyer has been comforted — and many a closing saved — by President Kennedy's observation, 'Victory has a thousand fathers, but defeat is an orphan' — which is what you'll be if you don't buy this house!" so quips McCarthy.

Editor: Walter L. Armistead

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